Likud meets Labour demands

TEL AVIV (AP) — Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir's right-wing ikud bloc decided Monday to offer two senior cabinet ministries to the rival Labour Party, in what could be a major step towards enticing Labour into a joint government, Likud leaders said. Shamir met Monday night with Labour's leaders, Foreign Minister Shimon Peres and Defence Minister Yuzhak Rabin, in the first meeting between the political rivals since Israel's Nov. 1 elections. Peres was later scheduled to meet leaders in his own party to discuss reopening negotiations for a broad-based government, similar to the joint Likud-Labour coalition that has ruled israel since 1984. The latest offer from Likud comes after Shamir's efforts o construct a coalition with small religious and right-wing parties stalled, following squabbles over cabinet posts and demands for religious egislation. The 10 Likud ministers decided at a two-hour meeting donday to offer Labour the defence ministry as well as either the finance ministry or the foreign ministry, said Welfare Minister Moshe Katsav of Likud. Labour broke off coalition talks last week became Likud refused to offer Labour more than one senior cabinet post.



Israeli Arabs to appeal to U.N.

TEL AVIV (R) - Leaders of Israel's 600,000 Arab minority, in an edented move Monday, said they will complain to the United Nations that government authorities discriminate against Arabs. "We decided to send a memorandum to the U.N. and if there is no change in conditions for Israeli Arabs within a few months, we will send a delegation to New York, said Abdul Wahab Darawshe, an Arab parliament member. He said the Arab Monitoring Committee, a group of prominent local Arabs, would also push for Israeli recognition of a Palestinian state. Israeli Arabs complain they are treated like second-class citizens and their municipalities receive less funding than Jewish towns. They say they are barred from some jobs on "security" grounds and claim police treat them like allies of hostile Palestinian groups. Militants among them were angered earlier this month when the government demolished 15 unauthorised houses in Taibe. The action sparked three days of protests in the town and they staged a massive strike the following week.

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AROUND THE WORLD...

Iran executes 9 in corruption case

NICOSIA (R) — Iran said Monday it had executed nine people, including six elergymen, for forming "corrupt bands" and other political corruption offences. The Iranian news agency IRNA said they included Omid Najafabadi, n former revolutionary judge and member of parliament. He was arrested two years ago in a political subversion case linked to a relative of Iran's designated future leader, Ayatoliah Hossein Al Montazeri. Mehdi Hashemi, brother of Montazeri's son-m-law, and several accomplices were executed last year for murder, kidnapping and subversion. IRNA said the nine were sentenced by the special court of the clergy and executed over the past

Kabul seeks return of 30 bodies

ISLAMABAD (R) — The Kabul government Monday asked Pakistan to return the bodies of 30 people it says were killed when an Afghan plane was shot down nine days ago after it strayed into Pakistani air space. Kabul Radio said authorities in the Afghan capital had asked Islamabad to allow an Afghan commercial aircraft to pick up the remains. Kabul said Pakistan shot the plane down Nov. 19 killing all 30 on board after ignoring a distress call from the pilot who had lost his way. Pakistani officials said the plane was n military aircraft shot down by ground fire as it flew over n tribal area in the north-west.

Franco-Sovlet spacecraft docks with Mir

MOSCOW (R) — A Soyuz TM-7 spacecraft with a joint French-Soviet crew on board successfully docked with the Mir space station Monday, the news agency TASS said. The spacecraft, with Frenchman Jean-Loup Chretien and Soviets Alexander Volkov and Sergei Krikalyov on board, blasted off from the Baikonur space station in Soviet Central Asia Saturday. TASS said the docking took place at 8.16 p.m. Moscow time (1716 GMT) and that all six crew members aboard both the Soyuz spacecraft and the Mir space station were well,

Welsh group claims firebomb attacks

LONDON (AP) - A Welsh extremist group claimed responsibility Monday for incendiary bomb attacks which damaged five London real estate agencies. "More attacks will follow unless the English leave Wales," a man claiming to represent the "Sons of Glyndower" warned in a telephone call to the office of a national newspaper in the Welsh capital of Cardiff. The Sons of Glyndower, named after a Welsh hero, have claimed responsibility for a series of attacks on real estate agents near the Welsh border to protest against the sale of rural Welsh property to English buyers.

Mousavi seen in public despite arrest report

NICOSIA (AP) - Diplomatic sources in Tehran said Monday that Iranian Prime Minister Hussein Mousavi was apparently still in office despite a British newspaper report that he had been forced to resign and was under house arrest. The sources, speaking on condition of anonymity in telephone contacts by the Associated Press in Nicosia, said Mousavi was seen attending official functions in the Iranian capital last Thursday. The London Observer newspaper, quoting unidentified sources in Tehran, reported Sunday that Monsavi, 47 was forced out last week after weeks of political wrangling among Iranian leaders. Ali Akbar Velayati, Iran's foreign minister, i expected to be the new prime minister, the newspaper said.

Ozal begins visit to France

PARIS (AP) — Turkish Prime Minister Turgut Ozal arrived Monday for a three-day official visit, the first by a Turkish leader in 17 years. Turkish officials said the purpose of the visit is to normalise relations between the two countries and press Turkey's application for membership in the European Economic Community. Ozal, who came from Strasbourg where be met West German Chancellor Helmut Kohl Sunday night, was met by Foreign Minister Roland Dumas. The Turkish leader, accompanied by his wife, headed for the Elysee Palace and talks with President Francois Mitterrand. During his stay Ozal also will see Prime Minister Michel Rocard and other French.

'Tamir's Soviet trip unauthorised'

TEL AVIV (AP) - The Israeli foreign ministry is concerned that a visit to Moscow by its director-general, Avraham Tamir, could provoke a diplomatic embarrassment because it was not authorised by the Israeli government, ministry officials said Monday. Tamir, who arrived in Moscow Sunday for a 36-hour visit to consult Israel's consular delegation there, is the highest-ranking Israeli to visit since the Kremlin cut ties with the Zionist state after the 1967 war. But officials said the trip was not coordinated with Foreign Minister Shimon Peres or other government leaders and provoked angry reactions. "Mr. Peres wasn't happy. He was very surprised," one foreign ministry official said on condition of anonymity. "We only beard about this visit shortly after Mr. Tamir took off." He apparently thought there was no need to coordinate it because it was n visit of n technical nature... but not everyone in the ministry agreed with this view."

Bush retains Fitzwater as spokesman

WASHINGTON (R) - President-elect George Bush Monday said Martin Fitzwater would remain as White House press secretary in his administration. "I look forward to working again with Marlin," Bush said in the White House briefing room. "...I think he's the best." Fitzwater, who was appointed as White House press secretary in January 1987 after serving Bush as vice-presidential spokesman for two years, said he looked forward to serving in the new administra-

Rafsaniani rejects Carter plea

NICOSIA (R) - Iran repeated Monday that it had rejected a plea by former U.S. President Jimmy Carter to help to free American hostages in Lebanou. The Iranian news agency IRNA reported that Iran's top politician, Ali Akhar Hashemi Rafsanjani, had sent a renly to Carter asking: "How can America expect us to intervene for its benefit in a case which has nothing to do with its while America continues its hostile policy against the Islamic revolution." Carter's plea, made in letters last month to Iranian leaders, had already been rejected by Rafsanjani and Iran's revolutionary leader, Ayatollah

Hirohito given another transfusion

TOKYO (AP) — Palace physicians gave Emperor Hirohito yet another blood transfusion Monday to help maintain the 87-year-old monarch's fading strength, the Imperial Household Agency reported. Palace spokesman Kenji Maeda told reporters that Hirohito received 200 cubic centimetres of blood although he has not coughed up nor discharged blood since Thursday. Maeda said the monarch sleeps most of the time and rarely speaks, but declined to discuss further details. Hirohito also suffers from anemia and jaundice caused by obstruction of the bile duct. With Monday's transfusion, Hirohito has received a total of 21,615 cubic centimetres of blood since the onset of the crisis on Sept. 19.

Extravagance is not a personal issue but rather a cost incurred by society at large Our experience demonstrates importance of self-reliance and need to build up national potential

King opens national development conference

AMMAN (J.T.) — His Majesty King Hussein said Monday that the next phase in Jordan would be marked by economic corrective measures, readjustment and comprehensive adaptation to changing circumst-

Addressing a "comprehensive development conference" held at the Royal Cultural Centre, the King also called on consumers and investors to he more conservative and thrifty.

"Overspending will reflect on us negatively," the King said. Pointing out that both consumers and investors bad been wasteful, the King said: "We always bave to hear in mind that a feasible investment project is one that becomes operational at the lowest possible cost."

Jordan is rich with qualified and skilled people who will enable their countrymen to achieve self-sufficiency and attain further levels of progress and prosperity, despite the present difficulties and hardships, the King said. The past hardships which the

country faced and the different crises it encountered contributed to the creation of a nation with strong determination, cohesion and resolve to deal with all issues and attain the aspired goals, the King tald the meeting which was attended by His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, the prime minister, ministers, and representatives of development councils in the north, central and

Following are major excerpts from the King's speech (full text of the speech will appear in Wednesday's issue of the Jordan

"I entrusted my brother His Royal Highness Crown Pricne Hassan Ibn Talal, with the responsibility of reconstruction and development. With his dynamism

southern Jordan.



and vitality, dedication and depth of knowledge he was able to rally devoted citizens and mobilise in them the positive values of hard work and perseverance. Thus Jnrdan was able to steer itself in the right direction and to maintain sustained economie growth. We were also able to pass throngb the eballenges that accompanied the boom years which coincided with the rise in the price of oil. During that

period we achieved ideal growth rates without destabilising the social structure. We built various infrastructures, including universities and other institutions of higher learning, schools, hospit-als, roads, hridges, dams, water networks, electricity and telecommunications in addition to expanding the production hase in agriculture, industry and services in tourism and hanking. We pro-vided nur citizens with all the



ingredients that are necessary for decent living, including fnod, sbelter, medical care and social security.

"What we have achieved, with God's belp, to date bas placed us at the threshold of a new era which we are about tn enter with confidence. One of the most important prerequisites for success at this stage is to build on the positive and discard the negative. "We must also recall the political

environment in which we live. The Jordanian society has not molded itself in inflexible frames nor has it resorted to extremism. It has not wavered from its centrist and moderate line, and the relationship between the governor and the governed is one that rests of mutual trust and understanding. With God's help, we have averted social ills in that it is possible for any individual to climb up the social ladder if he is able and creative. This healthy and stable atmosphere

(Continued on page 2)

King, Klibi discuss Lebanon, move to shift U.N. session

Israelis demolish homes

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM of the Al Amari refugee camp in walls in Ramallah, and slogans

the West Bank were under cur-

few for the 10th straight day.

Curfews were reported on eight

Gaza Strip refugee camps, parts

The army said one house was

Gaza Strip village of Beit Ha-noun. It said the house belonged

to Yazid Wahi, who was arrested

outlawed popular committee and

of taking part in a firebomh

by the underground leadership of

the revolt ordered people not to

observe a strike called Tuesday

by the fundamentalist Muslim

Pictures of Palestine Liberation

Organisation (PLO) Chairman

Reform drive progresses in Algeria

power since independence in

Mehri ruled out introduction of

multi-party system for now,

We want first to give the idea

though he said this might come

every chance of success... a multi-

party system would have to be

approved by popular referen-dum," he said.

The congress was working on

other details of the reforms, such

as separating the party from the

state, which would require a con-

stitutional amendment, he said.

Political analysts said Ben-

jedid's success in persuading the

party to renounce some of its old

privileges improved his chances

of winning nomination as sole

candidate in state presidential

At previous congresses, which

elections next February.

In Ramallah, a leaflet signed

attack on Israeli troops.

group.

ALGIERS (R) - A congress of party rule. The FLN has been in

Abdul Hamid Mehri, President of returning to the hroad front

head of the party's secretariat about in a few years.

of Gaza City, and the West Bank towns of Tulkarem and Qalqilya. "Shultz, you will nev us," said one slngan.

in Gaza and accused of leading an market area:

Yasser Arafat were plastered to jailed in the uprising.

demolished Sunday night in the the world," said another.

amid paralysing strike

AMMAN (J.T.) — Arah League Secretary-General Chadli Klihi Monday briefed His Majesty King Hussein on the results of contacts hy the Arah League on convening a meeting of the Arab League Foreign Ministers Council to discuss the situation in Lehanon.

The King and Klibi, who arrived here earlier in the day, also reviewed Jordan's efforts to move the U.N. General Assembly session on Palestine to Geneva from New York, the Jurdan News Agency, Petra, said.

The King and Klibi discussed "Arah efforts and the Jordanian diplomatic initiative, in coordinatinn with Arah countries, to move the meeting on Palestine to the European headquarters of the U.N. in Geneva instead of New York so that Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) Chairman Yasser Arafat can address the international community and explain the Palestinian position," Petra said.

The Jordanian move came after the U.S. refused an entry visa to Arafat to address the

(Agencies) - A general strike

paralysed the occupied West

Bank and Gaza Strip Monday

and Israeli soldiers shot and

wounded at least three Palesti-

mians in the West Bank city of

The Israeli army also used the

strike to carry out demolitions of

Palestinian activists in the village

of Al Kadr near Bethlehem. The

number of buildings destroyed

was not immediately known since

the army bad clamped a curfew on the village and denied entry to

More than 300,000 residents

were confined to their bomes in

the West Bank and Gaza Strip

under army curfew orders aimed

at curbing protests during the general strike, reports and Israel

The 6,000 Palestinian residents

Algeria's ruling party has

approved at committee level poli-

tical reforms which will allow

independent candidates to chal-

lenge the party in elections, the

Chadli Benjedid's deputy in the

ruling National Liberation Front

(FLN), told a news conference

the party would also go back to its

origins as a broad front grouping

The two changes are the main

features of the political reform

package which Benjedid sought

to push through the FLN con-

gress, called after violent protests

against government austerity

Benjedid, opening the congress

Sunday, also hinted that Alge-

rians could be asked to vote on

whether to end the FLN's one-

shook the country in October.

different currents of opinion.

Nablus.

iournalists.

said Monday.

U.N. in New York.

Petra said Klibi also briefed the King "on the outcome of his fatest contacts on bolding an emergency session of the Arah Foreign ministers council to discuss the situation in Lebanon."

The King's meeting with Klibi was attended by Foreign Minister Taher Al Masri. During his stay here, Klihi was also expected to meet with Prime Minister Zaid Rifai.

In an arrival statement, Klibi praised Jordan's "courageous and sincere efforts" to unify Arah ranks and support collective Arah action. Klibi said Arab countries were in dire need for

such efforts and that his visit to Amman came within the framework of his contacts to initiate Arah action on Lebanon.

He said he would also discuss the dimensions of the American refusal of a visa to Arafat. He characterised the U.S. refusal as a flagrant violating of the 1947 agreement between the U.S. and the United Nations under which the world body set up its headquarters in New York.

complained of U.S. Secretary

George Shultz's refusal to grant

Arafat a visa to address the U.N.

"Shultz, you will never frighten

"American is the enemy of all

In Nablus, tyres were set

Two teenagers and a 20-year-old

man suffered hullet wounds in a

clash with soldiers in the market.

officials at Al Ittihad hospital in

Nahlus said. One of the victims

was a 17-year-old shot in the

Stores were closed and public

transportation came to a stand-

still in response to the call to honour

the more than 5,000 Palestinians

take place every five years, the

FLN secretary-general, a position

now held by Benjedid, was auto-

matically the presidential candi-date. But Mehri said this might

He said the party was looking

at a proposal to create the new

post of party chairman but did

not indicate whether the presi-

dent of the country would hold

The head of the secretariat

spoke of approval of the political

reforms as though this was a

foregone conclusion, apparently

to try to end speculation that

party hardlines at the congress

would slow the pace of change.

provinces, some militants refused

even to look at the reforms on the

procedural grounds that they re-

ceived the documents too late.

At preparatory meetings in the

not be the case in future.

party states.

stomach, they said.

ablaze and dozens of Palestinian

flags were flying in the city's old

General Assembly.

Arafat will address session, **General Assembly chief vows**

UNITED NATIONS (Agencies) -Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) leader Yasser Arafat, who has been denied a visa to address the U.N. General Assembly in New York, still will speak to the wodd body, its president, Dante Caputo, said Monday.

As soon as we receive a special request from the Arab group we shall proceed in the best possible manner to ensure that Chairman Arafat is able to address the General Assem-Argentina, said in a statement.

He said the United States

under an obligation to give the PLO leader an entry visa under the agree-ment that established U.N. headquarters in New York.
Caputo issued his statement through his spokesman Juan Brandt

as Arab delegates gathered to consider what steps to take following Satur-day's announcement by United States Secretary of State George Sbultz that Arafat was being barred. They were expected to seek a

General Assembly resolution to transfer impending debates on the Pales-tine and Middle East questions to Geneva to permit Arafat's participa-

oppose sbifting the General Assem-bly debate on Palestine to another country, the State Department said

"While we do not support" moving the debate out of New York "we do not oppose" the action, State Department spokesman Charles Redman

told reporters. "It is unnecessary," Redman said of

the calls for moving the debate out of New York's U.N. headquarters. "We do not oppose General Assembly consideration of the Palestinian question," Redman said.
"There are PLO spokesmen able to state their position in New York. We have no objection to that."

"Moving the meeting to Geneva, therefore, is unnecessary," he said.

A number of Arab foreign ministers have already cancelled plans to come to New York for the Palestine

and Middle East debates, which, for the present, remain on the December In the likely event of a decision to

move the General Assembly to Geneva for the discussion of these agenda items, some time in January might be more practical for it than the month of December, officials said. Arafat told reporters in Baghdad that the United States had chosen to

ignore a groundswell of international support for the newly proclaimed He called the U.S. rejection of his

visa application "a sheer violation of international law" and "a grave violation of the 1947 headquarters treaty with the U.N." "Why are they afraid that I speak to world public Opinion and explain the new Palestinian decisions?" Ara-

Palestinian officials have said that 67 states have voiced support for the

independent Palestinian state declared Nov. 15 in Algiers by the 450-member Palestinian National Council (PNC).
Meanwhile, the Soviet Union and

much of Western Europe joined a chorus of protest from the Arab World Monday at Washington's deci-Nations debate.

The Soviet Union and numerous other countries said the decision

violated the 1947 pact setting up U.N. headquarters in New York — a point also made by U.N. Secretary-General Javier Perez de Cuellar.

asked the U.S. to revise the decision which does not harmonise with its (U.S.) principles of peace, justice and harmony in the world." a Saudi official said in a statement carried by

the Saudi Press Agency.

Syria also crincised the U.S. for showing favouritism towards Israel by denying the visa, saying "we all know... the Americans laud the

strong and despise the weak." na's Foreign Ministry called the U.S. decision a violation of the U.N.

beadquarters agreement.

Abu Mazen lauds Jordan's role in support of Palestinian cause

KUWAIT (Petra) — The Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) highly values the role Jordan has undertaken in support of the Palestinian cause, PLO Executive Committee member Mahmoud Abbas (Abu Mazen) was quoted as saying Monday. In remarks carried by Kuwait's Al Watan daily, Abbas, who

attended talks in Amman between His Majesty King Hussein and PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat Sunday, said Jordan's efforts had brought about positive results towards launching joint Arab action on the Palestinian question.

Abbas said Sunday's Amman talks dealt with Jordanian-Palestinian relations but did not touch upon confederation between Jordan and the newly-proclaimed Palestinian state. The King and Arafat reviewed means to bolster PLO moves,

particularly in light of the American refusal to grant a visa to Arafat to address the United Nations, he said.

His Majesty and the PLO chairman also discussed means to pave the way for an ordinary Arab summit to be held in Riyadh, Saudi Arabia, to discuss the latest developments in the Arab and international scenes, Abbas told Al Watan.

Iraqi president visits Cairo,

ers, who last met in Baghdad last

Iraq's Revolutionary Command Council, led Hussein's official team while Mubarak was supported by Defence Minister .tion of Israel. Abdul Halim Abu Ghazala and Prime Minister Atef Sedki.

of Iraq and Esmat Abdul Meguid of Egypt were also in the delegations, along with ministers responsible for foreign affairs, religious matters and information. Hussein told reporters at Cairo

relations" between Egypt and

Hussein said he and Muharak would discuss "all matters of common concern to the two countries and the Arah World in political, economic and other fields," with top priority gning to the Palestinian problem.

"This is only natural," he said, in light of recent decisions by the Palestine National Council (PNC) that included proclamation of an independent Palestinian state and implicit recogni-

"We should support these decisions with everything in our pow-Foreign ministers Tareq Aziz er... in order to help the strug-

Following the talks, Mubarak

He said he would give Washington a chance to think again before throwing his weight behind Arab mnves to shift a special U.N. General Assembly session nn Palestine from New York to Geneva or another city outside the United States.

"Most Arabs are thinking of this," Mubarak tald reporters. "But I'm waiting for the United States to reconsider because they have so many friends in the area and they should reconsider this question...'

He said he had sent a message' asking Reagan and Secretary of State George Shultz to reconsider

"I hope they will respond in a positive way. this would help peace." Muharak said.

reviews Mideast with Mubarak CAIRO (Agencies) - President international airport that the allow him to address the United main purpose of his visit was "to Nations in New York. Saddam Hussein of Iraq visited Egypt Monday and beld surprise develop and deepen the brotherly

talks with President Hosni Mubarak on backing the Palestinian cause and nther Middle East issues. Top aides flanked the two lead-

month with Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) Chairman Yasser Arafat, for the unscheduled meeting in the presidential this job, as in many other one-Izzat Ibrahim, vice-chairman of

gling Palestinian people regain their land and establish an independent state," be said.

urged President Reagan Monday to lift a U.S. ban on Arafat and

their refusal to grant a visa to Arafat so that he could attend the General Assembly debate.

Iraqi president unveils sweeping political reforms

BAGHDAD (R) — Iraqi President Saddam Hussein has announced that his Baath Party which has ruled virtually unchallenged for more than 20 years is to allow the formation of new political parties.

The announcement was made on Baghdad Television late Sunday as pan of a package of wide-sweeping moves in the wake of the Aug. 20 Gulf war ceasefire. The key points of Hussein's

 Allowing the formation of new political parties: Pardons for anyone con-

speech were:

victed or wanted for political off-

 A pledge not to interfere in the internal affairs of other Arab

"What is expected from Iraq in the post-war era is not to stay in a shell..." the president said on television while receiving a group of Arab lawyers.

"New panies will be formed in addition to the existing ones to play their role in the society.

The Baath Party dominates a Progressive National and Patriotic Front which includes two

distan Revolutionary Party. Hussein said the Baath Party adopted the idea of a multi-party system without reservations.

other minor pro-government

Kurdish parties, the Democratic

Party of Kurdistan and the Kur-

He said the changes were planned two years before the August

ceasefire with Iran.

We have prepared the stage on the level of allowing new parties to take part (in the country's affairs) and allowing the formation of additional parties which means a multiple party

He said he did not announce this political decision earlier because he was afraid Iraq would be seen as merely following what he

described as the wave of multiple party systems in other parts of the world - an apparent reference to Sovier President Mikhail Gorbachev's "perestroika" reforms.

The president went on to announce an amnesty for all political offences, affecting prisoners inside Iraq and exiles who have fled the country.

"I announce before you that any person who was convicted or wanted for political reasons will be pardoned... it is a general amnesty for those who are inside or outside Iraq except for the spies or those who worked as spies for Iran or for the Iranian

Those who are in jail will be freed and those who are outside the country will be pardoned." the president said.

Hussein said Iraq would not interfere in the internal affairs of Arab countries.

What is expected from Iraq...is to interact with the Arab issues in a way that the Arabs feel that we do not intend to interfere in their affairs," he said,

Iraq protests PoW swap halt

BAGHDAD (R) — Iraq said Monday it was complaining to the United Nations and the International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC) ahouf Iran's decision to halt the swap of sick or wounded prisoners of war

"We are sending memorandums to U.N. Secretary-General Javier Perez de Cuellat and the ICRC to complain for the vicious Iranian step to halt the exchange of the sick or wounded prisoners of war," Iraq's Foreign Ministry Legal Department chief Akram Al Witri told Reuters.

He said the Iranian decision was unilateral.

Iran was supposed to release 1.158 Iraqis and Iraq 411 Iranians, but Baghdad reduced the number it was freeing after Tehran cut hy more than half the size of the hatches of PoWs it was setting free.

(In Tehran, the Iranian news agency IRNA said no more Iraqis would be repatriated until Iranian Pows who were not returned home in the initial stages of the exchange were released.)

On Sunday only 19 out of 41 Iranians scheduled for repatriation were allowed to board a plane for Tehran after it arrived in Baghdad with 52 Iraqis instead of the expected 115.

The cut in numbers was the third in three exchanges since last

IRNA quoted the head of

Iran's PoW Committee as saying the continuation of the exchange would depend on the release of 67 sick or wounded Iranians.

Witri said the original ICRCsponsored accord with Iran was for the release of 411 sick or wounded Iranian PoWs in exchange for 1,158 Iraqis within 10 days starting from last Thursday - an average of 41 Iranians and 115 Iraqis daily.
"They (the Iranians) began

with 51 to 52 daily, claiming the others were either cured, released or sought asylum ... we demanded the ICRC to supply us with legal documents proving the claims but the ICRC failed, forcing us to reduce the (number of) Iranians released to 18 or 19 instead of 41," he said.

Uday Hussein on bail; case goes to tribunal

BAGHDAD (Agencies) - Iraqi and fired rep President Saddam Hussein's son. Uday, accused of killing a presidential bodyguard last October. has been released from jail.

The Iraqi News Agency (INA) said that a three-man judicial committee investigating Uday. 25. Sunday ordered that he be released on "personal commitment" to appear for questioning whenever summoned.

The committee referred the case to a criminal tribunal, it said. The president made the

announcement that Uday had heen granted bail and had heen released from prison on Baghdad Television Sunday. The announcement came after

Hussein met relatives of the dead man who asked him to drop charges against Uday saying the affair was "fate decided by God." Uday was jailed Oct. 20, two days after hitting his father's servant Kamel Hanna Jejjo on the

head with a stick. Hussein said Jejjo was drunk

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during a celebration on a tourist island in the Tigris River. He said his son hit Jejjo when the servant ignored an order to stop

He said witnesses told him his son aimed a blow at the servant's shoulders but Jejjo moved and was hir on the head.

Iraqi Justice Minister Akram Abdul Qader Ali in a letter to Hussein said there was no legal basis for keeping Uday in prison until the trial. Ali, in Sunday's message re-

ported hy Baghdad Radio, said three special investigators had concluded that no legal basis existed for Uday to remain in jail. "Keeping him in detention has

become a legal violation...and so (has) stripping him from his posts before the issuance of a court decision," Ali said.

Uday resigned on what he de-Iraqi Olympic Committee and football association president af-



Uday Hussein

ter his arrest.

The hodyguard died at hospital of his injury several hours later. Hussein said Uday tried to commit suicide after he learned of Jejjo's death. He attempted scribed as personal grounds as suicide twice more while in prison, but his life was again saved by doctors, according to his father.

BAHRAIN (AP) - A senior advisor to Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) Chairman Yasser Arafat has said in an article that Palestinian accept-

ance of Israel was not "B public relations gimmick" or an attempt to throw "dust in the world's eyes." In a 3,000-word article titled "A Message from the PLO Gives Peace a Visa," Bassam

Abu Sharif rebutted arguments raised against the Palestice National Couocil's (PNC) implicit recognition of Israel and decision to restrict armed attacks to Israel and Israelioccupied territories.

The article was made available to the AP in advance of its publication Monday in a London daily newsletter, Mideast

Its title refers to the U.S. rejection of Arafat's application for a visa in order to address the United Nations General Assembly in New York Dec. 1 on the Palestinian issue.

The PNC's Nov. 15 declaration of an independent Palestinian state and endorsement of U.N. resolutions were "an honest expression of the Palestinian majority's belief that the State of Palestine can coexist along-side the State of Israel," the article said.

The independence declaration and accompanying political programme implicitly recognise Israel by accepting all U.N. resolutions, including one that calls for all states in the region to live in peace.

"The peace offer ... comes from a people determined to regain its rights and who have now decided to believe the Israelis, Americans, Soviets, Europeans and others who have been assuring them that those rights can be regained hy peaceful means," the article

But Abu Sharif expressed disappointment at U.S. and Israeli reaction to the PNC decision.

"The response of Israel and the U.S. administration so far suggest that it was a bad gamble and a naive hope ... suggest that people in charge in Tel Aviv and Washington want to provoke the PLO into dropping all peace options."

Abu Sharif: Quest for peace is no gimmick

Abn Sharif also recalled that a position paper he authored five months ago, acknowledg-ing Israel's right to exist, had become a Palestinian platform. The paper attracted widespread international attention.

He also voiced hopes that a new U.S. administration would adopt a more conciliatory position towards the PLO.

"...Since neither I nor the majority of my colleagues are anxious to trade the peace pipe In just yet, I still cling to one shred of hope: that Mr. tGeorge) Shultz and the Reagan administration is speaking for itself and not for the American people or for Mr. (James) Baker and the Bush

administration," he wrote.

"My hope now is that Washington 1989 will differ from Washington 1988 and give peace a visa," he added. "If I am once more risking a charge of gullibility, that is a small price to pay compared with the disaster I fear will strike us, the Israelis, the Mideast, and everyone with interests in that region when hope runs out."

Referring to opinion that the PLO has not truly renounced 'terrorism,' Ahu Sharif quoted from both the Algiers independence declaration and an accompanying political declaration, saying that "terrorism" was "renounced twice."

Replying to criticism of the council for not explicitly recog-nising Israel, he replied: "The question is legitimate, and the answer is that neither I nor the PNC - nor for that matter, the United States - recognise Israel as it stands today, in control of the Palestinian territories of the West Bank and the

Gaza Strip and determin according to the repeated niedges of Yitzhak Shamir, his Likud bloc and their various

allies, to hold on to them." Abu Sharif also responded to claims that the endorsement of Resolutions 242 and 338 conflicts with the founding charter of the PLO, which Israel believes calls for its "destruc-

tion." "The charter - which in cidentally does not call for the destruction of Israel ... but envisions a democratic state in which both claimants to historical Palestine can live in peace and equality --- has been superseded by the decisions of the PNC, the Buthor of the charter.

The charter was a rejection of the U.N. partition resolu-tions of 1947. The PNC has now withdrawn that rejection and by so doing annulled the sec-tions of the charter that have caused so much consternation in Israel, the U.S. and else-



Syrian soldiers were deployed in west Beirut in May this year to restore calm after three weeks of bloody fighting between the Amal militia and the

pro-Iranian Hizbollah. Now the hostilities have surfaced anew. (Sygma photo).

Syrian troops launch major crackdown on Beirut guns

BEIRUT (R) — The Syrian army his (roops arrested about 300 launched a major drive Monday gunmen and confiscated arms in fighting between the rival militias to end five days of fighting in west raids on houses and hideouts in erupted Thursday. Beirut, raiding houses, seizing the areas of Museitbeh, A weapons and arresting 300 feud-

ing militiamen. About 600 soldiers, armed with the search for fighters of the loads of soldiers stood by. Amal militia and the pro-Iranian Hizbollah (Party of God).

Nweiri. Hay Al Lija, Bourj Abu Haidar and Khandak Al Ghamik.

Scores of soldiers took up comrocket-propelled grenades and bat positions on street corners as heavy machineguns, took part in others searched buildings. Truck-

The Syrian military command renewed orders to its men to A Syrian officer told Reuters shoot gunmen on sight following

gun, spray bim immediately kill him on spot. We're not playing around here," said an officer as he ordered his unit to search a seven-storey building in Bouri

Abu Haidar. The erackdown followed a clasb between Hizbollah and Amal in the Houd Al Wilaya area,

Genscher begins Tehran talks

Lehanon.

Genscher met Monday with his speculation that he sought to Iranian counterpart. Ali Akbar mediate the release of Western Velayati, and suid he seeks to hostages. including Anglican Velayati, and suid he seeks to hostages. Including Anglican improve relations with Iran, the Church envoy Terry Waite, held Islamic Republic News Agency (IRNA) reported.

The agency said the two offieconomic and cultural ties as well as international couperation and

NICOSIA (AP) — West German
Foreign Minister Hans-Dietrich
Genscher arrived in Tehran
Sunday for a three-day visit amid by pro-Iranian extremists in

Genscher's quiet diplomacy. cials discussed "mutual political, and his good contacts with Tehran throughout the eight-yearold Gulf war with Iraq, was seen as a key factor in the release of

been held in Lebanon. IRNA last week quoted the

English language Tehran Times daily as saying that "everything points to" an effort by Genscher to secure the release of some of the captives.

Waite is one of 14 Westerners held hostage in Lebanon. He disappeared Jan. 20 last year in Beirut while seeking to free two Americans held by the fundamentalist Islamic Jihad.

MIDDLE EAST NEWS IN BRIEF

ICRC 'evacuating staff' from Lebanon

BEIRUT (AP) - Sources at the International Committee for the Red Cross (ICRC) repeated Sunday that the organisation plans to shut down its operation in Lebanon if a kidnapped staffer is not released by Dec. 3. An ICRC spokesman in Geneva, Carl Bovert, earlier had denied reports from Lebanon that the all-Swiss humanitarian agency was pulling ont. The denial was made a few hours after three Red Cross staffers left Beirut following the closure of its operation in Sidon. Twenty-eight ICRC Swiss personnel are still working in Lebanon. "The ICRC in Geneva is denying probably because they want to keep it (the pull-out) under wraps until it happens," the sources said. The head of the Red Cross office in Sidon, Peter Winkler, 32, was grabbed from his car at a traffic circle in the port city Nov. 17 by three unidentified gunmen. No group has claimed responsibility for his abduction. On Wednesday, the ICRC closed its Sidon ofice, which supervised Red Cross activity in South Lebanon, to protest the kidnapping.

Turkey likely to upgrade ties with Israel, PLO

ANKARA (R) - Turkey is likely to agree to any request from Israel and the newly-proclaimed Palestinian state to upgrade their diplomatic ties with Ankara to ambassadorial level, an official source said Monday. "They have not asked officially yet but it is almost certain they will be upgraded in time," the source said Diplomatic sources said any upgrading would probably done at the same time. Turkey, a member of both the NATO Western alliance and the Organisation of Islamic Conference, recognised the Palestinian state shortly after it was proclaimed Nov. 15. The Palestinian Liberation Organisation (PLO) has a representative mission in Ankara. It has two accredited diplomats. The Israeli legation has six accredited diplomats.

Iran holds several in attack

NICOSIA (AP) - Interior Minister Ali Akbar Mohtashami has said that several arrests were made in connection with the stabbing death of a former health minister, the Islamic Republic News Agency reported Sunday. The agency quoted saying in an interview with state-run television: "A number of clues have been discovered and suspects have been arrested." Dr. Kazem Sami, 54, the first health minister after the 1979 revolution, was stabbed Wednesday at his clinic by an assailant posing as a patient. Sami was wounded in the head, chest and arms and died after a six-hour operation, IRNA reported Saturday. Avatollah Ali Hussein Montazeri, designated successor to Iranian leader Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini, mentioned a worsening "of the climate of public insecurity" in a message to Sami's father broadcast oo state-run television, the agency said. Mobrashami said in the interview broadcast Sunday that he suspected "anti-revolutionaries, namely the Mujahedeen-e-Khalq," were involved in the killing. The Mujahedeen-e-Khalq is a militant opposition group based in Iraq.

Gunmen attack house of Turkish prosecutor

ANKARA (R) — Gunmen threw a bomb at the house of a Turkisb prosecutor and then raked it with automatic fire, security sources said Monday. Prosecutor Mebmet Emin Oge was wounded in the Sunday night attack on his home in the Aegean city of Izmir, they said. His wife and two children escaped unhurt. "There are signs indicating this was an organised attack. Police are questioning IO people," one source said. About 30 inmates of Buca civilian prison where Oge works have joined a nationwide hunger strike in protest at conditions. About 2,000 convicts in Turkey are estimated to be refusing food.

JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDAR

..... Programme review Children programmes Agneultural programme . News summary in Arabic Programme on world news Religious programme Programme on Environment ... News in Arabic Programme review Local programme Local series PROGRAMME TWO A French film . News in French t9:15 19:30 20:00 20:30 News in Arabic Who's the Boss

..... Breaking up . News in English **RADIO JORDAN** 855 KHz. AM & 99 MHz. FM & partly on 9560 KHz, SW

	Tel: 774111-19
07:00	Light Musi
97:39	Light Musi Newsdes.
	Morning Show
19:00	News Summar
It:00	Comed
11:30	Book Clul
12:00	News Summar
12:05	Oki Favourite
13:00	News Summar
	Pop Session Contd

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14:00	News Autletic
	Instrumental
14:30	Jordan in Histor
	Concert How
16:00	News Summar
Le:05	Instrumental
16:36	
t7: 00	
17:30	Pop Session
18:00	News Summar
ta:05	Pop Tali
18:30	Book Çiul
19:00	News Desi
19:30	Date with a Sta
20:00	Evening Show
21:00	News Summar
21:65	Evening Show Contd
22:00	News Summar
22:05	Evening Show Continued
23:80	News Summary
23:05	Evening Show Continues
24:00	Evening Show Continued
44:00	Close Down

MUSEUMS

"Children's Heritage and Science Museum" Fun and knowledge for all ages, plus a small planetarium at the Haya Arts Centre. Open all week 9:00 a.m., -1:001 p.m. and 3:30 p.m. - 6:00 p.m. Closed on Friday.

Folklore Museum: Jewelry and costumes over lott years old. Also mosaics from Madaba and Jerash (4th to 18th centuries). The Roman Theatre. Am-

man. Opening hours: 9.00 a.m.-5 p.m. Year-round. Tel. 651760. Year-round, (c). 601760.

Jordan Archaeological Museum: Has an excellent collection of the antiquities of Jordan. Jabal Al Qal'a (Citadel Hill). Opening hours: 9.00 a.m.-5.00 p.m. (Fridays and official holidays 10.00 a.m. in 4.00 p.m.). Closed Tuesdays.

PRAYER TIMES Fajr ---- (Sunrise) Duha ---- Dhuhr

14:12 16:36	
17:57	ld
	CHURCHES
St. In	State Church (Doorse Catholic

Jabal Amman, Tel. 624590. Church of the Amenciation (Roman Catholic Jabal Luwerbdeh, Tel. De la Salle Church | Roman Catholic| Jahal Hussein. Tel. 661757, Sunday

English mass (summer time 6 p.m., winter time 5 p.m.). Terrasanta Church (Roman Catholic). Jabal Luweibdeh, mass in Utalian language, meet every Saturday at 5:30 p.m. Tel: 622366 Chorch of the Annanciation (Greek Orthodox) Abdali. Tel. 623541.

Anglican Church (Church of the Redeemer) Jabal Amman, Tel. 625383, chaptain's residence, tel. 628543. Armenian Catholic Church Ashrafich.

1ci. 771331.

Armeniau Orthodox Church Ashrafich. Tci. 775261.

St. Ephraim Church (Syrian Orthodox) Ashrafich. Tci. 771751.

Atman International): meets at Southern
Baptist School in Shmeisani, Tci.
685326. Evangelical Lutheran Church | Church of the Good Shepherd | Amman, Arabic Service: Sunday 7 p.m. Rev. N. Smir 811295.

Rainbow Congregation, (meets at the Good Shepherd's Church)

Tel. 771331.

microcommunational-ecumented En-glish Service: Saturday 6:30 p.m. Tel. 822605. Rev. Veli. The Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-Day Saints (Mormon) Tel. 815817, 821264.

FOR THE TRAVELLER

QUEEN ALIA INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT This information is supplied by Royal Jordanian (RJ) information depart-ment at the Ouecn Alia International Airport Tel. (08) 533055, where it

should always be verified. ROYAL JORDANIAN FLIGHTS (Terminat 1)

04:30 Singapore, Kuala Lumpur (RJI 08:55 Baghdad (RJI 09:10 Aqaba (RJ) 09:15 Jeddah (RJ) Cairo (RJ) Muscat, Dubai (RJ) 09:55 Doha, Bahrain (RJ) Ahu Dhahi, Kuwaii (RJ) 15:30 ... Montreal, New York (RJ) (stanbul (RJ) Athens (RI)

17:55 Copenhagen, Frankfurt (RJ)

,,,	En PLIGHTS (1977) Mail 2/
9:35	Cairo tMS)
1:25	Kuwait (KU)
3:20	Moscow, Lamaca (SU)
	Tripoli (LN)
	Lamaca (Ktl)
6:00	Baghdad (IA)
7:00	Dubai. Damascus (EK)
7:45	Rome (AZ)

.....Beirul | ME) Zurich, Lambça | SR | .. London, Cairo | BA | DEPARTURES ROYAL JORDANIAN FLIGHTS (Terminal 1)

0:30	Agapa (K)
1:00	Vienna, New York (RJ
1:10	Athens RJ
	Istanbul [RJ
	Frankfurt, Brussels (RJ
	Geneva, London (RJ
	Paris (RJ
3:00	Rome, Madrid (RJ
9:40	Kuwait, Dhahran RJ
0.60	Larnoca (RJ
	Cairo (RJ
	Abu Dhahi, Duhai (RJ
1:00	Damascus (RJ

OTHER FLIGHTS (Terminat 2)

16:45 Kowaii (LN) 16:35 Kowaii (KU) 17:36 Baghdad (IA) 18:00 Dubai (EK] 18:35 Damascus (AZ)	1
WEATHER	1
Bulketin supplied by the Department of Meteorology.	, ,

A slight rise on temperature will occur and scancred clouds will appear. Winds will be northwesterly moderate. In Agaba, winds will be nonherly

Yesterday's high temperatures: Amman 17. Aquiba 23. Humidity readings: Amman 46 per cent. Aquiba 36 per

USEFUL TELEPHONE NUMBERS **NIGHT DUTY**

Firas pharmacy	661912
Ferdows pharmacy	77X336
Al Asema pharmacy	637055
Nairoukh pharmacy	623672
Al Salam pharmacy	636730
Yacoub pharmacy	644945
Shmeisani pharmacy	637660
TAXIS:	
Karnak texi	668761
Grand Palace taxi	667079
Fural taxi	685186
Rashid taxi	672023
Commodore taxi	761677
Tayche laxi	662032
IRBID:	
Dr. Shibda Al Zagh	(-)
Al Sharaa' pharmacy	985238
ZAROA:	
Dr. Salim Al Lawzi	()

EMERGENCIES

Civil Defence Directorate ..., ... 661111

HOSPITALS

..... 656000/685111

Public Security Directorate

Price Complaints
Water and Sewerage
Complaints
Amman Municipality

phone Information

(directory assistance)

Jordan Television

Electric Power

	AMMAN:	
	Hussein Medical Centre	813813/
	Khahdi Maternity, J. Amn	. 6442XI
	Akilch Maternity, J. Ann	. 642441
-	Jabal Amman Maternity	6423
	Malhas, I. Amman	6361
	Palestine. Shmeisani	. 664171
	Shmeisani Hospital	6691
	University Hospital	8458
	Al-Muasher Hospital	. 667227
	The Islamic, Abdali	6661277
	Al-Ahli, Abdali	664164
	·	

·
talian, Al-Muhajreen
Amal Hospital
Zarga Govi. Hospital (09)983323 Zarga National Hospital (09)981323
ibn Sina Hospital (09)986732 IRBID:
Princess Basma Hospital (02)275555 Greek Catholic Hospital (02)272275 Ibn Al Nafees Hospital (02)247100
AQABA: Princess Haya Hospital (03)314111
MARKET PRICES
Upperflower price in fils per kg. Apple (double red)
Banana
Sanana (Mukammar) 300 / 250
Beans Jel / 201

45.5

Apple (double red)	400 / 500
Apple (double red)	400 / 300
Banana	261 / WI
Banana (Mukammar)	200 / 250
ocans	1 en / 200
Cabbage	120 / 100
Carrots	220 / 100
Cauliflower	. 270 / 200
Cucambaga	200 / 200
Cucumbers	320 / 280
Eggpiani (large)	t to / 70
Eggplani (small)	150 / 120
Garlic	350 / 300
Grapetruit	160 / 120
Lemon	200 / 160
Mižirow ((arec)	150 / 170
Marrow (small)	240 / 180
Orange (Shammouti)	220 / 200
Ofange (local)	190 / 140
Ulive (green)	2501 / 200
Olive (black)	500 / 450
Olive (black	210 / 140
Pepper (hot)	240 / 100
Pepper (sweet)	200 / 104
Potato	240 / 220
Raddish	440 / 180
Stingeh	120 / 100
Spinsch	- 100 / 130
Townshoes	400 / 300

alphi we lite

NATIONAL NEWS IN BRIEF

KING CONGRATULATES YUGOSLAVIA: His Majesty King Hussein Monday cabled congratulations to the Yugoslav President on the anniversary of Yugoslavia's National Day. The King wished the Yugoslav President good health and the people further progress and prosperity. (Petra)

ART EXHIBITION AT YARMOUK: Her Royal Highness Princess Wijdan Ali Monday opened an exhibition of plastic art at Yarmonk University. The exhibition includes paintings on education and nature. It also includes ceramics and sculpture. Princess Wijdan Ali also opened the graphic arts exhibition which includes fashions designed by the university students. (Petra)

CEMENT TO EGYPT: Within the framework of a new Egyptian and Jordanian agreement, 22,000 tonnes of Jordanian cement were Sunday shipped to Egypt via Aqaba. According to the agreement 750,000 tonnes will be exported to Egypt with an average of 62,000 tonnes a month. With this shipment, 44,000 tonnes have already been shipped to Egypt. (Petra)

COOPERATION WITH TURKEY: The Council of Ministers has endorsed a memorandum of understanding signed by Jordan and Turkey to pave the way for cooperation in industry and technical services. The memorandum, which was signed in Turkey last June, aims to increase the volume of cooperation in industrial production.

TRAFFIC AWARENESS: The police directorate in Tafila Gov emorate Monday began a campaign to impose students' traffic awareness and prevent incidents. The campaign includes bolding seminars and distributing leaflets on means to avoid road accidents.

BAD FOOD DESTROYED: The public safety sub-committee Monday destroyed a quantity of food, in several areas in Salt, because it was not fit for human consumption. (Petra)

HEALTH PROGRAMME: A seven-day educational programme for secondary school students in Al Koura district began Monday. The programme includes delivering of lectures on health, screening television films, and distributing leaflets on various health topics. Specialists and midwives are also participating in this programme.

AMBULANCE FOR AL KOURA: The Health Ministry provided the Al Koura Health Directorate with an ambulance to promote services to citizens. (Petra)

ANJARA CULTURAL FESTIVAL: As part of the celebrations marking His Majesty King Hussein's birthday, a cultural festival opened Monday in Anjara. The five-day exhibition includes a reading section, a national book exhibition, an exhibition of historical documents, children drawings, and a film-show section.

EMBEZZLER JAILED: The military court has sentenced Sultan Ibrahim Mohammad Suleiman to one year imprisonment and the payment of JD 350 fine for embezzling public funds. The military governor Monday endorsed the sentence. (Petra)

French week opens

AMMAN (J.T.) — The French week was launched at the Marriott Hotel it: Amman Sunday by Minister of Industry and Trade Hamdi Tahbaa in the presence of invited audience of businessmen from Jordan and France, representatives of various organisations and the press.

The event, organised by the French embassy in Amman in cooperation with Air France, is bound to offer Jordanians a chance to sample food and wine from France and acquaint themselves with the latest techniques used in the field of civil aviation.

The five-day event displays a variety of French products such as clothes, perfumes, glass, porcelains, foods and home appliances. A children's fashion show will be put up and a special dinner honouring the famous socheld, with the proceeds benefit- ence of invited guests.

ing charity in Jordan. Air France will present a mul-

tivision projection show focusing on the most significant functions of the airline, shown on a giant screen and open to the public throughout the day.

Speakers at the opening ceremony praised the strong trade and cultural ties between France and Jordan.
According to French sources.

25 French firms, specialising in medicine, telecommunications. tyres, food, cosmetics, and perfumes, are involved in the event.

Among those present at the opening ceremony and the recep-tion that followed were Minister of Tourism Zuhair Ajlouni, Central Bank Governor Hussein Al Qasem, representatives of trade unions and the Amman Chamcer player Michel Platini will be bers of Industry and a large audi-

Islamic Water Network chief returns from Gulf

Ahmad Kilani has returned to Amman after a Gulf tour where ject for the Gulf region. he discussed pan-Arab coopera-

tion in water related affairs. Kilani said that be went to Kuwait, the United Arah Emirates (UAE) and Qatar where he held meetings with government officials and experts in water re-

·sources. In the UAE, Kilani met with its university president to discuss reached agreement on organising poses.

AMMAN tra) — The chief a general meeting in February executive ... er of the Islamic 1989 at the Amman based IWN Water Network (IWN) Mr. to project an executive plan to implement a water network pro-

The plan deals with conducting research projects on the development of underground resources in the desert and semi-desert regions, desalination schemes to provide water for irrigation, the employment of modern technology in the treatment of wastewater and the ntilisation of solar energy to make available additional wacooperation with IWN and ter quantities for various pur-

WHAT'S GOING ON

The following listings are compiled from monthly bulletins and the daily Arabic press. Readers are advised to verify the listed time and place with the concerned institutions.

EXHIBITIONS

- ☆ An exhibition of iconographies, signs and public places by the German artist Otto Herbert Hajek at the Department of Architecture at the University of Jordan. A plastic art exhibition by 55 artists from Irbid Governorate at
- Irbid Youth Centre.
- * An exhibition covering T.S. Eliot's life and literary works at the British Council. * A book exhibition at the Jordan University of Science and
- Technology. * The French week to exhibit the latest techniques used in the
- field of civil aviation at the Marriott Hotel.
- A cultural festival which includes a national book exhibition, an art exhibition, historical photos and documents exhibit children's paintings and other activities at Anjara Public Library building Ailoun.
- * A plastic art exhibition by Fine Arts Department students at the Yarmouk University.
- * An exhibition of graphic art works which show costumes that represent Jordanian national heritage at the Yarmouk Uni-

FORUM

Arabic-German literature forum in which A. 19 and German authors and poels introduce their literary works at the Goethe Institute - 7:00 p.m.



tions marking the graduation of a new batch of trainees from the women's training academy in

Zarqa at the King Abdullah Ibn Hussein Complex and Public Parks in Amman.

Queen Noor attends graduation of women's academy trainees

AMMAN (Petra) — Her Majesty Queen Noor, the honorary president of the General Federation of Jordanian Women, Monday attended the celebration for the graduation of a batch of trainees tion was held at the King Abdul-lah Ibn Al Hussein Complex and Public Parks.

General Federation of Jordanian Women President Haifa' Al Bashir delivered a speech at the ceremony in which she welcomed and thanked Queen Noor for her patronage of this ceremony, which is held as part of the Kingdom's celebrations of His Majesty King Hussein's birthday. She said the main training cen-

duction this year and increase the productivity of Jordanian women to contribute to securing their family needs and to raise the at the Women's Training income of the Jordanian family in Academy in Zarqa. The celebrageneral. At the end of the ceremony,

tre belonging to the federation has been able to develop its pro-

Queen Noor distributed certifi-cates on 150 graduates in the fields of languages, sewing and embroidery. Later on, Queen Noor opened a bazaar for traditional handicraft organised by the federation's branches in Zarqa and Amman

and a number of charitable societies in the Kingdom, The exhibition includes embroideries, rugs, wooden

works, artificial flowers, cbildren's toys and foods. The celebration was attended by members of the women's federation and a number of officials

and diplomats in Amman. The Women's Training Academy in Zarqa is one of many centres which are managed by the federation with the aim of helping women to contribute effectively in improving the standards of living of their families, the society and to open channels of communication and exchange of expertise between the woman in the countryside and the women in the city. It also aims to present practical training and rehabilitation services and belps to carry out researches and studies on

Mahafzah stresses importance of spreading technology in rural areas

AMMAN (Petra) — The simpli-fication of science and technolo-in turn, increase the ability to gy, and spreading it among the rural population is a vital necessity of great importance to Arab society, which is currently witnessing radical changes in its economic and social structure, according to Mu'ta University President Ali Mahafzah.

Speaking, on behalf of His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, at a regional conference on the role of universities and simplification is a first step in the in Jordan.

Mahafzah stressed the import-

produce.

The conference comes at a time when Jordan is witnessing a movement towards development in education, in order to satisfy the country's economic and social needs, institutionalise technology and raise the level of scientific research and application, Mahafzah said.

He stressed that the holding of such a conference "constitutes an educational institutions in sim- embodiment of the role of the plifying and spreading technology university as well as its efforts to and science among the rural serve the Jordanian society and populations of the Arab World, the local ithahitants in par-Mahafzah said the process of ticular."

UNESCO Deputy Director institutionalisation of technology Othman Bayazid also delivered a speech in which he explained UNESCO's interest in spreading ance of the role of universities, human concepts and in the educational institutions and spreading and simplification of schools in that process which is science and technology, so that it aimed at modernising the means may be understood and accepted of production in order to raise the hy citizens who are not special-

ised in that field.

Bayazid said UNESCO bas de-

dicated a project to study the special relationships between scientific and technological advancement and its effect on all aspects of society, in order to promote and encourage the ap-plication of science and technology in developing countries.

He said the spreading of science and technology, which needs substantial development before an end result is reached, should be supported by various local and international organisations.

The conference, which is held in cooperation between the universities and UNESCO, is aimed at giving members of educational institutions a chance to discuss and exchange views and experiences related to the simplification and spreading of science and technology in rural areas of the Arab World, as well as improving their level of development

First batch of tourist police graduates

New force expected to help improve services for tourists, Ajlouni says

AMMAN (Petra) — The first batch of tourist police graduated Monday and gathered at a meeting with Minister of Tourism Zuhair Ajlouni and other officials and Public Security Department (PSD) officers to discuss their future mission in Jordan's tourist areas and archaeological sites.

charged with duties to help facili- at the regional and international tate the visit and stay of tourists levels, and the new force is to Jordan and will be stationed at deemed necessary to help carry Petra, Jerash, Madaba, Aqaba out this mission," the minister and ports of entry into Jordanian said at the meeting which was attended by the ministry's Secretary General Nasri Atallah.

"Tourist police will be ex-

Tourist Police Force in conveying a bright image about their country to the visitors of Jordan and its places of interest.

"Jordan is entering a new phase in which it is expected to about the Kingdom, its past cul-

The group of 32 male and develop its tourist potentials and female police officers will be improve its facilities for tourists

> pected to orient the visitors on the country's importance as a major tourist centre in the region and help give accurate informa-tion and historical background

ture and history, and help project its people's hospitable characthe minister noted.

The Ministry of Tourism will take essential measures, in cooperation with the PSD and other concerned departments, to qualify more groups for this mission and will hold training courses for the tourist police members, to improve their knowledge in history and foreign languages, the minister added.

Ajlouni expressed confidence that the Tourist Police Force will be of belp to the visitors of all countries and serve as a model for other police forces in the Arab

The graduates have had a training course in tourist guidance services and Jordan's history after graduating from Yarmouk University in history, geography and English language.



Minister of Tourism Zubair Ajlouni and Public Security Department officials Monday meet the first batch of tourist police graduates (Petra photo)

Haj Hassan returns from Tunis talks

Transport and Telecommunications Khaled Al Haj Hassan returned to Amman Monday after of transport executive cooncil meetings in Tunis.

"The meetings resulted in very important resolutions that are expected to contribute most posi-Arab cooperation in maritime,

The discussions covered a trumber of subjects of concern to transport within the Arab World, focusing mainly on measures to unify and integrate transport syseconomic development, the minister added.

The council endorsed a pantaking part in the Arab ministers Arab transport strategy which aim to deal with weaknesses in Arah transport systems and facili-Arah states.

"The strategy paves the way land and air transport," the for a common infrastructure in minister said upon his return maritime, land and air transport and opens the door for Arab commercial fleets to prosper and flourish, and end the Arah World's dependence on foreign fleets," Haj Hassan said.

AMMAN (Petra) — Minister of tems and means that can promote combat maritime fraud. It has examined pan-Arab federations and organisations working in the field of transport and proper measures to enhance inter-Arah

> 'Also discussed was the subtate the flow of goods and ject of classifying Arab-owned travellers among the various vessels and a system allowing tax exemption for Arab equipments used in transport," Haj Hassan said.

The Tunis meeting elected a new executive council that groups Jordan and four other countries. the minister added.

During his stay in Tunis Haj Hassan held a series of meetings with Arab ministers of transport According to the minister the to discuss Jordan's cooperation council has approved measures to with their countries in transport.

King opens comprehensive development conference

fContinued from page 1)

has become a rare example in this troubled world and a great advantage that we have to safeguard and maintain despite conspiracies and unfavourable conditions. "As far as our regional environ-

ment is concerned, we enjoy strong and close relations with our Arab brethren. We have always viewed ourselves as an integral part of the greater Arab World, and we have dealt with it in the spirit of the Great Arab Revolt maintaining this stand in all our agreements and commitments. We have never let down our Arab brothers nor have we abrogated any pacts with them. We have reciprocated good will and upheld our posi-tion in the core of the Arbab Order in code and conduct. This stand does not stem from any selfish or material interests but rather from the belief that Arab complementarity and solidarity enhance their status in the world and paves the way for the achievement of their objectives. I have called for reviving Arab economic integration, especially in these circumstances in which various world regions have found acceptable formulae for cooperation and useful integration.

"Experience has taught us that the process of construction will invariably suffer from momentary set-backs which spill over to us from abroad by virtue of our close connections with the outside world. We must build our innate administrative ability to face and contain new developments in order to maintain constant progress; thus, our institutions must keep their active role, to safeguard our accom-plishments and defend them in the face of destabilising shocks. Desirable change depends on ratitual behaviour and reasonable conduct. Moderate consur- tion that preserves economic mort atum and supports savings is the one compatible with our morals, traditions and system of values as stated in the Holy Koran: "Make not thy hand tied to the neck; nor stretch it forth to its utmost reach and thus become blameworthy and destitute" (Al Isra' Surah, Verse 29).

"We can curtail our expenditure as we realise that extravagance is not a nersonal issue but rather a cost incur-

red by society at large. We have to innovate means of reinforcing savings and investment inclinations in order to be able to guarantee a promising future. We want investment to be open to all honest citizens, (residing nside or outside Jordan) on an equal footing. Regardless of our positions and locations, we are all equal in access to productive work and in reaping its benefits. Waste is not confined to consumption habits, for squandered. We always have to bear in mind that a fensible investment project is one that becomes oper-ational at the lowest possible cost. There is no need for spending on unproductive components or for expanding the volume of a project to levels whereby it loses its competi-tiveness. Instead of purchasing new equipment we have to learn to utilise available machinery to the utmost and optimal levels of performance. Within this framework, we have

to innovate methods of exploiting our natural resources and our scientific and research potential. We must master the capability of providing distinctive and high quality products that gives the buyer, at home and abroad, a fair return for his money. Control over spending at the individual and family levels and in factories and institutions, is what will lessen our dependence on importation and enhance our ability to export and consequently secure the needed financing for new projects. The nations that boast of excessive and uncontrolled expenditures deprive themselves of the possibility for continuous growth and place themselves hostage to the whims of others. We realise that the opportunities for low-cost financing have diminished and that we cannot from now on, undertake any unproductive or unstudied expenditure. "Regional developmental efforts

should be coupled with a clear perception of administrative and financial requirements in order for the effort to be relevant to the environment in which developmen projects are established. In all, clarity and good preparation are pre-requisites for desirable developmental ends. In speaking of a regional development the badia/desert areas emerge as a special case worthy of attention and care. This promising

and vast section of our country, must be a corner-stone of our new This area, large though it is, needs

added developmental input to enable it to catch up with the rest of the country. The badia and its people have always been the source of our pride and confidence, and we have no doubt that after the accomplishment become a bastion for prime production and a source of good and respectable living for many of our citizeus, particularly members of the Armed Forces. If we succeed in transforming the badia into a focal region that attracts population then we can be confident that our expenditure in it will yield fruitful results. I lonk forward to seeing concrete administrative arrangements and tools that would guarantee the achievement of this objective.
"Development in Jordan is basical-

ly dependent upon the human element, therefore it is imperative that we place a lot of emphasis on the buman being and on equipping him with training and useful scientific tools. In this sense we were gratified with the results of the educational reform conference which called for deep-rooted structural reform of the educational sector.

The preparation and qualification of teachers, the stress on laboratories and suitable buildings, and the development of modern curricula. constitute the prerequisites for success in vitalising this important sector. We must teach our children and youth creative thinking and instill in them proper ethical values. Development is not complete un-

less it caters to human needs and demands. A productive and creative nerson expects his country to provide him with his basic needs and reasonable requirements. For this reason, administration of social sectors should be directed mainly towards furnishing those requirements within reason. Schools, health clinics and youth centres must be built within a framework of coordination and harmonious integration to serve the citizen and deepen his sense of belonging. In this way we would raise the standard of social services from the mere level of extending grants to one of inducing more participation.

"Agriculture has always been a basic source of production and job opportunities, and therefore has to continue receiving our attention as the pivot of economie activity in the ntryside. However, we have to utilise what experience we have gained to enhance productivity and diversify ontput as well as increase our self-reliance in food production. We must keep in mind the need to gradually attain self-sufficiency and even think in terms of exporting surplus production in the future.

"Our recent experience in the last few weeks has demonstrated to us the importance of self-reliance as well as the importance of the building-up of our national potential. But more importantly, it has made us realise that self-indulgence will reflect on us negatively. Efficient resource-management and allocation bave to remain the primary concern in our economic policy. We have to realise fully that modern management is not merely general perceptions and broad ideas, it is also precise decisions that require good organisation and response, and prompt thinking and planning. This necessitates the availability of correct data and good processing of information, the latter making it readily accessible to the decision maker. It is not possible for decisionmakers to provide solutions in the absence of precise information and right scientific methodology. Thus, the gathering of data, its organisation and classification, remain a vital part of the process of good economic

"It is time for us to support and assist the government in fulfilling its role in terms of organisation and harmony amongst the various segements of society, as we move ahead towards progress and prosperity through creativity and production. The public sector cannot replace the private sector in the fields of industry. tourism, commerce, agriculture and transportation, among other fields. These activities and others pertain to

the private sector.
"It is time for us to reshuffle responsibilities between the public and the private sectors in a way suitable to this phase of production and sufficiency. This requires promptness in decision-making and

decentralisation of authority, as well as the organisation of lines of communication amongst the various departments and institutions and hetween the regions and the centre. "If we provide the country with the

necessary production base, we will also be providing our Armed Forces with the opportunity to depend more on our national economy which will reduce the cost of defence procurement and replenishment.

"The phase ahead of us is one of comprehensive reform and adaptation and we are a country known for

measure of our strength and success. sary prerequisites to enable us to become a self-sufficient and productive society and, God willing, we will achieve our goals."
Following the King's speech, His
Roayl Highness Crown Prince Hassan
delivered an address outlining the main task of the development councils and said that meetings would

its ability to adapt. This, in fact, is a

continue until the end of the first quarter of 1989 in order to finalise plans for the councils future work. Ministry of Planning's Secretary General Ziyad Fariz delivered an address in which he outlined the efforts to promote development in the Kingdom. "Jordan is now at the threshold of new phase requiring intensified

efforts at alt levels and by all citizens," Fariz said. "Jordan is witnessing pressure brought about as a result of the economic crises that are affecting the whole region which is plagued by disturbances in money markets," conflicts and other disturb-

The Ministry of Planning, Fariz said, was involved in revising the 1986-1990 five-year plan following the elapse of two and a half years and also in the follow-up meetings that included the various sectorial commit-

Fariz summed up recommenda-

tions taken by the previous meetings by development councils in the north. south and central regions of Jordan. He said the recommendations show a wide diversion reflecting the different problems encountered by the different provinces but all of them concentrating on the development of natural and manpower resources.

These recommendations, Fariz said, focused on agriculture, industry, housing, social affairs and means of developing water resources and im-proving basic services.

Fariz said the government had been involved in all the ideas . I proposals put forward by these count and their recommendations are rial committees tould . recommendati arom ... see regions before any measures con he

Several working papers are to be discussed by the two-day meeting which is anended also by representatives from trade unions.

Later the meeting was resumed under the chairmanship of Minister of Planning Taher Kanaan, who reviewed the world economic developments in the 1980s and their impact on the Arab states in general. The slowdown in the economy has adversely affected the employment of Jordanians abroad and subsequently reduced the expatriates transfers to Jordan, he said. "The situation brought about unemployment in Jordan, reduced demand on local products." the minister said.

come in 1980 amounted to JD 1,482 million rising to JD 1,895 million in 1987. In 1986 and 1987 the total invesiments in the Kingdom amounted to JD 847 million of which JD 281 million were spent on social and services sectors like health education, higher education, information, culture, housing, tourism, municipal affairs and the rest benefited infrastructure projects.

Kanaan said Jordan's national in-

The minister gave a breakdown of figures on total investments in various sectors and finally referred to the Jordanian work force which he said is now estimated at 890,000 of which employment is available for only

The minister also referred to the investment incentives in agriculture, industry and outlined facilities now given to investors, like exemption of customs fees and exemption of income tax for five years.

Kanaan also pointed out the government's recent measures which are designed to help the country to adapt to the new situation.

Jordan Times

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The biggest step seeking self-reliance

THE KEYNOTE address by His Majesty King Hussein to the comprehensive development conference Monday not only underpinned the national priorities for Jordan at this stage and the next, but also highlighted the responsibilities of the individual in bringing about economic corrective measures to

In more ways than one, the Jurdanian society has always expected the executive anthorities to make up for economic shortfalls. Little consideration is given to the burden that the extravagance of certain segments of the society adds to the problem. The situation in Jordan is not exactly unique when compared with many other Third World countries, but the Kingdom, which has always managed to overcome problems and registered ideal economic growth rates even during the height of global and regional depression, is seen as an example of how development is achieved despite adverse circumstances.

We have now reached a stage where it is time to wake up to our individual responsibilities and obligations to the country and contribute towards the national effort. Shirking individual responsibility by hlaming others for problems is only a useless exercise since it is our future, the future of the Jordanian society, that will be shaped as a result of our actions.

There are hundreds of ways each of us could do to fulfill his or her share of the national economic endeavours. For starters, let's accept that many of us have indeed been accustomed to living beyond our means and that it is time to have a fresh look at the concept that every fils saved is a fils earned for the individual as well as the national treasury.

Let us look inwards for a change and seek avenues for self-reliance in whatever little or blg way we can. That in itself is the biggest step.



ARABIC PRESS EDITORIALS

Al Ra'i newspaper Monday discussed Washington's decision to refuse entry in the U.S. for PLO chief Yasser Arafat to address the U.N. General Assembly. The paper referred to King Hussein's endeavour to find a way in overcome this difficulty and in allow the Palestinian leader address the international community by proposing the convening of the meeting on Palestine in Geneva. Jordan in fact was and will continue to be the first Arab country to come to the support of the Palestinians and their legitimate and sole representative in all matters and at all levels. the paper noted. It said that Jordan is shouldering its national responsibility in confronting the American decision and in dealing with Washington's total biased attitude towards Israel and the Zinnist labby in Washington. The paper quoted Arafat as paying tribute to Jordan and King Hussein for the Kingdom's firm national stand in support of the Palestinians and their just cause.

Writing in Al Ra'i newspaper columnist Mahmoud Al Rimawi criticised the United States for refusing to issue an entry visa to Arafat. The American decision proves nnce again that the Reagan administration has learnt nothing and took nn lessons from the past, the writer says. He notes that the decision is a clear disregard to the international community's views and principles and reflects that Washington is succumbing to terrorists in Tel Aviv. This is not the first time that Washington tried to show its hostility to the Arabs and to violate its own agreement with the United Nations, the writer continues. The Reagan administration's previous attempts to close down the PLO office in New York was another sign of U.S. succumbing to Israel and its agents and lobby in the America, the writer points out. This time the U.S. administration commits a grave blunder at a time when the PLO offers its hand for a genuine peace through the international organisation and proves that it is totally oriented to live in harmony and security in the Middle East provided that the Palestinian rights are safeguarded, Rimawi notes. He hopes that the U.N. secretariat will take proper steps to deal with the

Al Dustour daily commented no the Jordanian-Palestinian talks and King Hussein's firm stand in backing the Palestinian people. The King's support is a manifestation of Jordan's national stand and his directives to the foreign minister to seek a U.N. meeting in Geneva stand out as a strong evidence of the Kingdom's determination to enable the PLO chief and the Palestinian people convey their message to the world and win the international community's support, said the paper. The American decision, as the King said, was an attempt to stifle the voice of peace and the moderate vnice of the Palestinian leadership. It said that it was a disappointing and an unjustified decision coming in the wake of the PLO's proclamations in Algiers.

Sawt Al Shaab daily dwelt on the same topic and gave prominence to the King's talks with Arafat in which they reviewed various topics related to the Palestine question and the steps that should be taken on the international level. The King's talks with Arafat are bound to give further momentum to the current efforts to win the rights and the usurped lands of the Palestinian people, the paper said. The talks, it added, came at a time when the world community has become more convinced than ever before of the need to implement U.N. Security Council resolutions 242 and 338 to end the Arab-Israeli conflict.

Editor's Note: The Palestinian Human Rights Information Centre (PHRIC) in Jerusalem has been publishing an "uprising update," which aims to clarify the existing human rights situation as it develops in the occupied territories, as the uprising entered its tenth month. The information bulletin is distributed in cooperation with the Database Project on Palestinian Human Rights, whose international office is in Chicago. These updates are being published in the Jordan Times as they are received. Included in these information bulletins are lists of those killed during the uprising, as confirmed by the International Committee of the Red Cross, lists of detaioees, and updated human rights reports as they develop. While some sources and background material is publicly available, most of the information comes from first reports, fieldworker visits to hospitals, refugee camps, towns and villages, and from working relationships between the PHRIC and other institutions in the occupied territories. The material is collected and verified in Jerusalem and sent to Chicago, where the updates are produced and distributed internationally.

45,000 injuries requiring medical treatment is based on a variety of sources, including hospital, clinical and medical committee records; systematic field studies of villages and camps under pro-longed siege; regular PHRIC field worker and assistant reports. While rates and types of injuries vary considerably over time and place, we estimate the following overall percentage of

Sbot (by live ammunition or penetrating bullet) 10 per cent Shot (by rubber, aluminum bullets) 10 per cent Beaten (by hands, clubs, rocks,

firearms) 45 per cent Teargas nr teargas related 30

Other (burns, vehicular assault, torture, burial, etc.) 5 per

Official Israeli figures put the injury toll at 7,000. Official statemeots on any given day are always lower than the recorded number receiving treatment, and of course, exclude those nnt registered for medical treatment. Most beating and teargas-related injuries are also excluded from official figures. The always high percentage of injured who avoid treatment appears to bave risen recently as a result of intensified army tactics against the injured. There was a pronounced drop in all injuries during June and July. followed by a sharp increase especially of serious bullet injuries — in August and

September.
ADMINISTRATIVE DETEN-TIONS: The extremely high number of detainees, coupled with the relative chaos in detentinn centre records, the continual relocating of large numbers of detainees, and frequent status changes (from regular arrest tn administrative arrest) make it difficult to determine the exact number of administrative detainees. Of the estimated 4,000 administrative detention nrders since the uprising, approximately 2,500 persons are still in detention. A high percentage of administrative de-

INJURIES: The estimate of tention orders are renewed, but

arrestees still in detention. AND SIEGES: On almost every day of the uprising, at least some areas of the West Bank and Gaza have been under curfew. The

official statements indicate that the number in detention at any time bas remained 2,500-3,000. PHRIC bas field documented approximately 1,000 cases, and has preliminary information on the others. According to official Israeli sources, administrative detainees represent about 30 per cent of the total number arrested during the uprising (in September stated to be 18,000) and about 50 per cent of the tntal uprising CURFEWS. AREA CLOSURES

number of people affected ranges universities and colleges were from a few thousand to several hundred thnusand. The Gaza tended indefinitely). All educa-

(December 9, 1987 to October 9, 1988)

(
Violation	1987 to Dec. 8	Dec. 9 to Oct. 9
Deaths	29	389
Due to Occupation Forces	19	333
Shot		242
Beaten/electrocuted		28
Teargassed		63
Due to Settlers or Collaborators	2	23
Under investigation or possible		_
official responsibility	8	33
Injuries	- 180	45,000 (1)
Expulsions	8	33
Ordered; appealing	4	27
Administrative detentions: New Orders	157	4,000 (2)
Town arrests: 6 months - New Orders	108	7
Area closures & sieges:		
Curlews	60	(3)
Closed military zones (temporary)	34	(3)
Temporary institutional closures	62	(4)
Olive & fruit trees uprooted	18,000	(5)
Demolitions & sealings	132	278 (6)
Of houses "for security reasons"		(9)
Demolished	10	92
Partially or Totally Sealed	23	19
Partially Demolished	2	20
Of unlicenced buildings (mostly homes)		
Demolished	95	143
Order to stop building	. 2	
Pretext unknown demolished		4
Number of persons displaced	1,000+	2,500+

Human rights violations under Israeli rule during the uprising

Strip has been under night curfew since March, and some West Bank areas have had similar curfews for prnlnnged periods. The army also regularly closes areas tn press or prevents entry to and exit from designated areas. On two occasions, during Land Day week in March and nn Ynm Kippur in September, the entire West Bank and Gaza were sealed nff. The most serious closure practice is the imposition of military sieges on villages or camps for periods of several days or weeks, during which all utilities in the area are cut, entry and exit of people and prodocts is prohibited; and villagers are prevented

INSTITUTIONAL CLOSURES: spring of 1988 and not reopened for fall classes as of Nnv. 15. All

(Educational and Research Institutes): All West Bank schools were closed for 4 mnnths in the

varying periods. The Arab Studies Society in Jerusalem was closed for one year on July 31. (Charitable and Social Institutions): In-ash al Usra was clused from harvesting or caring for for two years on June 20. The Uninn Charitable Societies beadluarters in Jerusalem was closed for nne year nn Aug. 28. Licences nf several nther charitable associations bave been revoked. Several youth centres, YMMAs and other social centres bave also been closed. The shabiba youth organisation was outlawed. Popular village and camp committees

tional and research institutes

were closed by Civil Administra-

tion order in September 1988,

ostensibly to prevent the holding

of "alternative education" clas-

ses. Alternative education classes

organised by popular committees

have been specifically banned, as

bave the popular committees

themselves. Jerusalem schools

reopened in October 1988, one

mooth later than scheduled. Gaza

schools, individually and collec-

tively have been closed for

were nutlawed. (Trade Uninns): The Trade Uning Complex in Jenin was closed for two years in March; the Professional Association Complex in Jerusalem closed nn Aug. 25; and the General Federation nf Trade Unions beadquarters in Nablus closed on Aug. 26 for one year. Several other union offices are closed or inoperative to avoid arrests and permanent closure orders. The nfficers of most unions and federations and bundreds of unionists bave been

(Press Offices and Printshops): Several press nffices bave been closed permanently nr for varying periods; the Palestine Press Service was initially closed for 6 mnnths, then extended an additional year. The licences of al Awdeb (English and Arabic) and of Sbarara weekly were revoked. Several licensed and unlicensed printshops were closed and their equipment confiscated.

Estimated to be at least 100,000 fruit and olive trees, in addition to bundreds of thnusands of seedlings and small plants were uprooted. The uprooting of trees is only one indicator of the widespread punitive destruction of trees and crops. mostly by the army but also by settlers. Bulldozers clearing streets of stones have also nprooted bundreds of trees and demolished for unstated reasons. whole orchards have been uprooted as a punitive measure for alleged stone and molotov throwing in the area. In many instances of prolonged curfew or military told that the demolitions were siege, the army has carried out buildozing and uprooting operations on trees and other crops, in the area, and as an example to addition to preventing regular others. Two homes in Halling harvest and maintenance of crops. Crops bave been buildozed or burned by both settlers and army in several locations of the High Court rejected the homeow West Bank and Gaza, often without official pretext.

In addition to the four homes 28.

several homeowners who received notices that their homes would be demolished because they were unlicensed, were also being carried out as a punishment for resistance activity occurring in were confiscated for a stated. period of 3 months to be used as: army observation points. The ners' appeal on July 24; and the families were evacuated on July

OPEN FORUM

Look who's talking

THE first thought that came to my mind when I heard that PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat was denied a visa to the United States to address the U.N. General Assembly because he is allegedly "an accessory to terrorism."

It is unbelievable how a country like the U.S. would talk about who is terrorist and who isn't. It's impossible to forget that the U.S. (government) terrorist and who isn't. It's impossible to lorger that the U.S. (given intended) is considered by a majority of people to be the largest accessory to terrorism. Forget about their support to people like the contrast in Nicaragna and UNITA rebels (though it's difficult to forget the outrageous number of civilian casualties caused by these two groups). Forget even about Israel which diets ou a strict racist regime and particularly enjoys

Take the U.S. itself, which continues to their race.

Take the U.S. itself, which continues to hrag about its democracy and humanity since their declaration of independence. Although slavery was abolished in 1865, and an omnibus civil rights bill banning discrimination against blacks and other minorities was passed in 1964, there still exists terrorism against them in America.

It is well-known that the Ku Klux Klan (KKK) is an existing organisation It is well-known that the Ku Klux Klan (KKK) is an existing organisation there. According to Encyclopaedia Britannica, the KKK is a secret terrorist organisation in the U.S. that committed terrorist attacks since its second establishment in 1915 and continued through the 70s and 80s. In fact, in 1984, six members of the KKK (and three of the American Nazi Party) were acquitted of federal civil rights charges growing out of the deaths of 5 persons at a raily (all members of the Communist Workers Party) in North Cambina in 1870. The KEE and Mari defense house had Party) in North Carolina in 1979. The KKK and Nazi defence lawyers had argued that the killers went to the rally because of their "patriotic, anti-Communist feelings" and that they had been provoked by the other side. And guess what? The not guilty verdict was passed by an all-white

It is estimated that there are 6,500 members of the KKK today. Is that not a large number of terrorists rouning around in America?

Also, let us not forget the number of terrorist acts that are cominside the U.S., or, as Americans call them violent acts of crime. The total

inside the U.S., or, as Americans call them violent acts of crune. The Votal of crimes committed there in 1986 was estimated at 5,480 per 100,000 people (or 13.2 million crimes), out of which 617.3 were violent crimes, 37.5 rape, and 8.6 murder, all out of 100,000 people. Even though we agree this is not state terrorism, still, my friends, that is "terrifying!".

Back to the U.S. entry visas. The Israeli prime minister, Vitzhak Shamir, not only was a terrorist, but continues to be, and he doesn't even need a visa to enter America. Meir Kahane is another one.

Let's face it, nembe, the U.S. government is hypocritical and does not

need a visa to enter America. Metr Kanane is another one. Let's face it, people, the U.S. government is hypocritical and does not really want any peace in the region. An effective form of pressure on the U.S. to accept the PLO as the sole representative of the Palestinians and recognise the Palestinians' need for an Independent state would require same form of work on the Arab countries' part. If baycotting the U.S. would not pressure their government into thinking twice before making their unrealistic, and obviously onjust decisions, what will? If they continue on this line of policy, who needs them?

Sana Atiyeh

Japan again stirring emotions in America

WASHINGTON - Japan, America's enemy in Wnrld War II, is again stirring passions on this side of the Pacific, ranging from anger, fear and mistrust to snme affectinn and grudging

In four decades, Japan first evolved from the United States' humble and defeated enemy to a loyal protege and ally. Now it has become a major provider of U.S. consumer goods as well as the best overseas customer for American farmers, an economic-industrial rival, creditor, landlord and occasional critic.

President-elect George Bush, who is confronted with appointing a new ambassador to manage the relationship with this key ally, has spelled out his position on issues such as Japan's military and foreign aid rule and trade.

To demands in Congress that Japan increase military spending and relieve some of the U.S. defence burden, Bush - who was a bomber pilot against Japan in World War II - notes that Asian neighbours "remain very sensirive to the issue of Japanese rearmament."

During the presidential campaign, he suggested Japan spend more for the military instead on foreign aid, a calegory in which it is about to surpass the United States. This raises another potential conflict, because Japan already threatens American dominance of such international institutions as the World Bank.

On trade, Bush is liable to follow President Ronald Reagan's line and seek to brake protectionist forces wanting to curb Japanese imports into the United States.

Politicians, especially Democrats who control Congress, say Japan is threatening to "buy up America." They cite skyrocketing rents and home prices in Hawaii and California cities favoured by Japanese investors.

Retiring U.S. ambassador Mike Mansfield says 47 of the 50 state governors bave been to Tokyo to court Japanese investment, often offering incentives for factories. He says the result has been new jobs, ideas and technologies in middle America, and describes it as "a good prop-

Jobless U.S. automnbile wnrkers blame Japan for their plight and bring out "remember Pearl Harbour" signs, even though ennsumer organisations and mothrists bave rated the imports as more reliable and economical than some Detroit products. Japanese attempts to defuse

the trade issue by building car and other plants in this country have led to new complaints.

Black coogressmen accuse corporate Japan of racism in marketing, selection of U.S. factory sites and dealerships. Labour unions complain that Japanese managers resist their efforts to

organise Americao employees. The yen-dullar exchange rate tops the financial news, and Wall Street breathes easier so long as Japanese continue buying U.S.

Americans are showing greater interest in Japanese culture. American businessmen study Japanese management techniques. Japanese language courses are gradually becoming available in American public schools. Japanese restaurants, unknown in most American cities only a few years ago, are proliferating.

But high U.S. deficits prompt emotional worry about America's future. The Japanese are targeted because they account for the largest share of the trade deficit and are also major creditors with their heavy purchases of each issue of U.S. treasury notes, bills and bonds.

Economic relations between Japan and America "are so large and so crucial to both countries that unless we manage them intelligently, we could be facing a crisis of enormous dimensions." said Martin Weinstein, head of Japan programmes at the Centre for Strategic and International Studies, a Washington-based private research organisation. "If the Japanese didn't buy our creasury bonds, our debt would be simply unmanageable. No other country is in that position."

In trade, America bought goods in foreign countries worth \$170 billinn more than those it sold during the full year of 1987. Imports from Japan represented the largest share of the gap, \$57

This compared to a global trade deficit of \$25 billion and deficit with Japan of only \$6 billion in 1977, the first year of tor Josef Stalin, thousands of the 15 ethnic republics for are acting here."

ambassadorship.

After 14 years as Senate Democratic leader, Mansfield was sent tn Japan by Democratic President Jimmy Carter. In 1981, Reagan asked him to stay oo in the increasingly important post. Reagan and Yasuhiro Naka-

sone, the Japanese prime minis-ter from 1982-87, developed their own first-name relationship unprecedented in the two countries' history. Their personal connectinn belped Japan and the United States weather a rough period marked by U.S. pressure against Japanese dnmestic market barriers, alleged unfair trade practices and insular think-

Mansfield's record 11-year Tokyo ing inappropriate for a country controlled Congress for greater grnwn rich by exporting.

Announcing his retirement earlier this month, Mansfield said be felt he could leave Tnkyo "with our heads high." The trade gap was finally narrowing as a result nf bard-bargained market openings, the costlier yen and cheaper dnllar and, after U.S. pressure, efforts by Nakasone and his successor. Prime Minister Nuboru Takeshita, to boost Japanese

dnmestic demand and imports. But new flareups of acrimony can be expected between two countries with such different backgrounds nnw so economical-

ly interdependent. Pressure from the Democratic-

efforts by U.S. allies to shoulder more defence costs promises to intensify during the Bush pres-

U.S. lawmakers repeatedly complain that the Uoited States with all its deficit problems spends 6 per cent of gross natinnal product on defence while Japan, with all its new wealth, only I per cent, a threshold reached under Nakasone.

Pentagon officials have dis-"free ride," arguing that it provides the bulk of the destroyers and combat jets in onrth-

of \$30 billion a year is already higher than that of any other U.S. ally and its contribution of \$45,000 a year to the upkeep of each of the 55,000 U.S. military personnel based in Japan is the most generous in the world.
Tension continues high over

the "buying up of America." in the form of Japanese investments in prime U.S. real estate and factories. At his farewell news conference in Tokyo, Mansfield questinned wby nnbody com-plains about Britain's \$75 billion puted the idea that Japan enjoys of direct investment in America, with a two-year rise of \$15 billion, compared to Japanese investments of \$33 billion with a twoeast Asia, that its military budget year rise of \$7.1 billion.

Gorbachev's reforms release pent-up ethnic feelings

By Mark J. Porubcansky The Associated Press

- Soviet President Mikhail Gorbachev's easing of long-standing strict restraint has released pent-up ethnic anger that has singed the map from the Baltics to the Caucasus.

In a period of less than two weeks, on the southern and western fringes of the Soviet Union that have been tightly controlled from Moscow: - Estnnia bas issued a "dec-

laration of sovereignty" claiming local authority in all matters but foreign and defence policy. - Officials in the neighbouring Baltic republics of Lithuania and

Latvia blunted similar moves. But Lithuania, in a largely symbolic move, declared Lithuanian the official language of the republic and restored the flag that flew over the independent state between the World Wars.

- Ethnic fighting that began in February over control of the Nagorno-Karabakh region broke out again between Armenians and Azerbaijanis, this time in three Azerbaijan cities. At least six people bave been killed and 126 injured.

- In the adjacent republic of Georgia, bome of the late dictastitution that critics charge would weaken the republics. Many expressed support for Estonia's dec-Such widespread assertion of

local demands would have been ioconceivable before Gorbachev's policy of glasnost, or noenness, encouraged people and the press to express themselves more freely.

However, the Soviet leader's call for greater local autonomy bas stirred ethnic feelings submerged for years beneath calls for national unity - and it has created new problems for the

NEWS ANALYSIS

On Saturday, the country's highest executive body found Estonia's effort to declare greater autonomy from Moscow unconstitutional and declared it invalid. the official media said.

The Praesidium of the Supreme Soviet, convened by Gorbachev, considered Estonia's wishing to democratise our sociechallenge during a meeting to review constitutional amendments proposed by Gorbachev don't see the logic. It seems to me that had been criticised by many that most of all emotion and haste

gathered to protest proposed restricting, rather than expandamendments to the Soviet coning, local autonomy. iog, local autonomy.

The changes will be presented

to the country's Supreme Soviet, or parliament, next week. Gorbachev said the Praesidium proposed amendments. None of

changes were made. In the Baltics, "National selfconsciousness is the essence of our restructuring, relating to our language, culture and, of course, our own government," said Algirdas Kaushidas, a member of

the governing boatd of the

Lithuanian movement for peresbiggest stronghold. We're the biggest army he has," Kausbidas

said in an interview from Vilnius. But V.N. Kudryatsev, head of the Soviet Academy of Sciences' to secede. institute of state and law, said in an interview published Friday by

the TASS news agency that people were getting carried away. "Here's a paradox: people, ruled by the best of intentions, ty propose, it seems to them, a more perfect system," he said. "I

There no longer appears to be a fear of Moscow in many of the republican capitals.

"If all the small peoples jnin together, we can win," an Estonian who travelled to Yerevan adopted many changes in the recently told a crowd gathered in the Armenian capital's opera

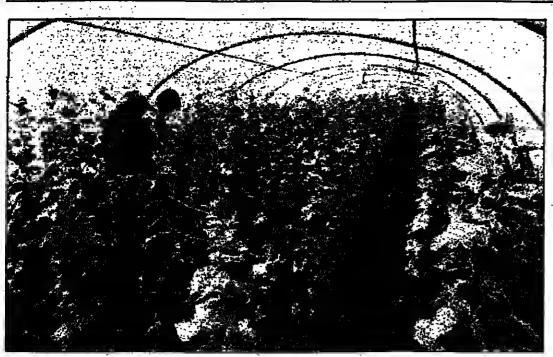
the reports specified what The Baltic activists, seeking greater cultural, political and economic autonomy under the banner of Gorbachev's reforms, were angered by the amendments to the Soviet constitution proposed by Gorbacbev.

Under the current law republies theoretically are able to secede from the Soviet Union. but Moscow's control was so "The Baltics are Gorbachev's strong that any such move was inconceivable. Now that the fringes are clamoring for autonomy, the constitutional amendments would eliminate the right

The Supreme Soviets of Latvia, Estonia and Georgia demanded changes. Litbuania and Armenia were said to have rejected the

amendments outright. Gorbachev has praised the increased interest in politics as a sign that his reforms are taking:

"What's happening in Estonia is perestroika," Gorbachev told reporters in New Delhi last week.



Effects of the pesticides could be more concentrated in greenhouses than outdoors.

Pesticides, a balance of benefits and hazards

By Suchinta Wijesooriya Special to the Jordan Times

ALTHOUGH the use of chemical pesticides in agriculture and horticulture is relatively recent in Jordan, it is now a standard practice due to beneficial effects on the crops. It is, bowever, a serious occupational health hazard for agricultural farm workers in Jordan today, and poses bealth risks to those living in the vicinity of farms.

Last year, 18 labourers on a Deir Alla farm suffered Methyl Bromide poisoning simul-

In 1985, 50 girls at the Deir Alla Girls' School located near a farm were poisoned by Methyl Bromide fumes, from used cans that bad beeo left lying around near the school premises.

Hospitals and clinics io the Gbor often treat cases of childreo who bave been poisoned by ingesting pesticide treated seeds that were stored in unlocked areas close to the family living quarters.

A variety of pesticides are used to treat seeds before they are planted, to spray fruits and vegetables while they are still oo the trees, and to treat the soil before planting to preveot plant diseases caused by insects, fungus, bacter-

Methyl Bromide Alert

Methyl Bromide is a colourless odourless and highly toxic gas used as a fumigant for soil sterilisatioo. In the commercial preparation used in agriculture, another gas,

the error.

Cbloro-picrioe (a gas which causes the eyes to water) is mixed with Methyl Bromide in order to indicate its presence in the air. It has been used in the plastic greenhouses to the Jordan Valley since 1968, and bas been responsible for a large percentage pesticide poisoning among agricultural farm workers in the

1.5 lb cans of Methyl Bromide are distributed evenly on the greenhouse soil which is securely covered with plastic sheeting for the purpose of retaining the gases within its constraints. The labourers walk on the plastic sheeting, pressing on the cans with their eet to expel the gas into the soil. The plastic is removed 24 to 48 bours later, giving enough time for the gases to be released into "The use of Methyl Bromide

can be both safe and effective only under very strict condiexplained Mr. Mohammed Mustafa Jalboush, of the Department of Agriculture in Deir Alla. "For instance, the soil temperature during the period of fumigation should be between 10 and 60 degrees centigrade. The plastic sheeting should not bave any boles in it, and must be secured very firmly at the edges to prevent the gas from escaping into the air. The workers must remove their shoes when they are walking on the plastic sheeting to avoid tearing it. Also, the plastic must not be removed before 48 hours, and when it is removed, it

is very important that the workers

wear protective clothing, as the

cans may still bave some gases remaining in them. The used cans must be destroyed and disposed of under the ground immediately. In all the cases of poisoning so far discovered, these instructions have not been followed."

Dr. Ibrahim El Kurdi, an internist at Abu Obeida Hospital in the Jordan Valley, described the health hazards of Methyl Bromide. "Poisoning occurs when the gas enters the body through inhalation, ingestion and skin contact. The incideoce of severe poisoning is not very high, but long term minor exposure can seriously affect the ceotral oervous system, and the respiratory system. Very often, workers don't know they are being poisoned, and that the symptoms they experience such as numbness and tingling of limbs, weakness of bands and feet, staggering and unsteadiness, restlessness, beadaches, loss of memory, and confusion, are related to Methyl Bromide exposure. They usually doo't seek medical care for such symptoms. We only see the obvious cases such as in instances of mass expo-

Preventing Poisonings of Farm Workers

In October and November, farmers begin soil sterilisation in the greenhouses of the Jordan

Poisoning can be avoided through the use of adequate personal protective equipment and information," commented Ms. Amal Hijazi, Safety Engineer at the Occupational Safety and Health Institute - an agency of the Ministry of Labour.

Farm owners are urged to provide their employees with protective clothing, such as masks and respirators, gloves, coveralls, boots and goggles, that cover the mouth, nose, eyes and skin.

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ext. 223



A farmworker sprays the controversial pesticides on the crop.

"If ordinary respirators are used, the masks must fit very tightly over the face, and the air cleaning charcoal must be of optimal quality — preferably acti-vated charcoal canisters. The best protection is available through belmets supplied with compress-ed air from back pack units," added Ms. Hijazi.

It is also important to wash bands and face thoroughly, and to remove and wash clothes immediately after using Methyl Bromide. Facilities for strict adherence to these procedures should be provided by farm owners.

Alternatives to Methyl Bromide

According to Jalbousb, there are alternatives to Methyl Bro-mide. "Other methods for soil sterilisation include the use of Basamid granules, Vapam liquid and Diatrapex liquid which are less expensive, less hazardous. but take two weeks to process as opposed to 2 days oeeded for Methyl Bromide processing. So-lar soil sterilisation methods offer a completely safe and inexpensive alternative. However, this process takes 6 to 8 weeks, and is dependent on the use of water at a time of year when it is scarce. Although all these methods are much safer and less expensive than Methyl Bromide, farmers

est and easiest method." Jalboush said that the use of 50 kg cylinders of Methyl Bromide is being eocouraged as an alternative to the small cans. "The gas is assess the effectivity of the camreleased through a hose placed paign.

choose it because it is the quick-

under the plastic sheeting, and the risk of it escaping into the air is lower. The problem of improper disposal is also eliminated.

Information Campaign

According to a 1984 study made by pbarmacist Ms. Georgette Fattaleb, field workers in the Jordan Valley, where Jordan's agriculture is concentrated, are inadequately sensitised to the importance of the proper bandling of pesticides, endangering their own bealth and that of the consumers of agricultural pro-

The National Centre for Agricultural Research and Technology Transfer (NCARTT), an agency of the Ministry of Agriculture, is spearheading a campaign to disseminate information on the safe use of pesticides to farmers. Other agencies including the Occupational Safety and Health Institute, University of Jordan Department of Agriculture and the Department of Civil Defence are contributing to the campaign, with funding and technical assistance from the German Agency for Technical Cooperation (GTZ) and the United States Ageocy for International Development (USAID).

In the next few months posters, videotapes and various other means will be produced and used to get the bealth and safety messages to farm owners and agricultural workers in the country.

Cairo's Zabaleen a success story

By Martin Wright

CAIRO, Egypt — The enterprising Zabaleen people of Cairo, who for decades have made a precarious living by collecting — and literally living on — the refuse of Egypt's sprawling capital, are eosuring their future: by mecbanisation, and raising credit for bomebased womeo's businesses.

Members of the Coptic Christian minority, the Zabaleen have acted as the city's rubbish collectors since they migrated from northern Egypt over 50 years ago. One of the commonest sights on Cairo's streets is of a Zabaleen donkey cart, piled high with garbage, threading its way between speeding buses and cars to the Muqattam hills, a line of bare outcrops just south-east of the city to which the Zabaleen retreated as the city grew.

Here the Zabaleen live among

the rubbish they bave collected. While the meo take the carts down into Cairo, the women sort through the spoils, sifting out plastics, paper and metal for sale to the recycling iodustry. They also raise pigs, feeding on scraps brought on the carts.

In the eyes of the authorities, the Zabaleen bave bad-something of an image problem. However efficient they might bave been at clearing refuse, the sight of rickety carts pulled by donkeys clashed with the promotion of the city as modern capital.

Foreign television crews, keen for footage of photogenic pover-ty, bave portrayed the Zabaleen as symptomatic of a "backward" Cairo. This bas caused resent-

Until recently, the municipal authorities were also concerned that with their traditional, unnechanised approach, the Zaba-

the city's rapid growth.

Theo the Zabaleen's communprogressive mechanisation, with sed on the basis of their reputathe help of "Environment Quality International" (EQI) - an organisatioo of sympathetic Cairo she is denied membership until professionals — and a grant from the U.S. Ford Foundation.

The association then bid against several major companies for the right to operate a motorised collection service.

The Zabaleen won. Gradually, their donkeys are being replaced by trucks, which have a much larger carrying capacity than the carts, and are better able to deal with the steep gradients leading up to the Muqattam dumping Their livelihood secured, the

Zabaleen bave now begun to look for ways to improve the quality of their lives. Grants from the British aid agency Oxfam and the Ford Foundation helped the community association to set up their own recycling plant — which is beginning to generate a profit that can be ploughed back into other community enterprises. Working with the EQI, the

community association has set up credit schemes to belp Zabaleen families to replace their corrugated iron and hardboard shacks with brick buildings, and to carry out their own small-scale recycling projects.

The early loans went mostly to men; now Zabaleen women are taking advantage of the credit system to set up their own small co-operatives, in which individual loans are guaranteed by all the co-op members. In so doing, they are expanding their role in the community's economy beyond

leen would be unable to cope that of merely supporting their with all the refuse generated by menfolk, to launching their own

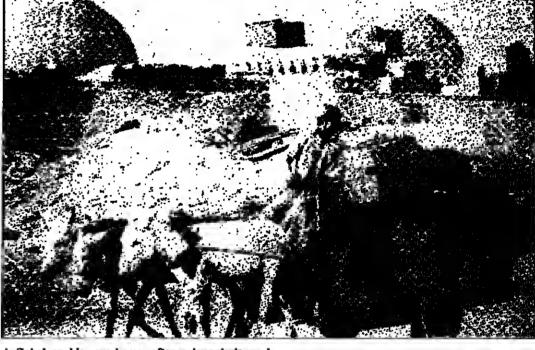
Would-be members of the ity association drew up a plan for women's co-operatives are assestion within the community; if a woman is seen as untrustworthy. such time as sbe proves herself capable of acting responsibly.

One group of women who run small food stalls has used a loan to hire a van for bulk purchases from wholesalers in the city. This enables them to re-sell the goods at reasonable prices, thereby beoefitting the whole community; individual stallholders used to have to make frequent purchases from retail outless, leading to bigher-than-average prices at the stalls. There are also plans to build a community market.

Other groups have concentrated on developing part-time work which they can fit around their other tasks of child-care and refuse sorting. One such enterprise, involving assembling table lamps for Cairo dealers, has proved so successful and popular with the women that its market is nearing saturation point. Other projects range from rearing goats to putting beads onto furniture

Despite encouragement from female EQI workers, many of the Zabaleen womeo initially doubted their ability to run their own business ventures - unsurprisingly, since this bad always been a male preserve.

After the early successes, however, increasing numbers of women are becoming involved in what, for many, is nothing short of a complete transformation of their working bves -Panos features.



The Royal Society For The Conservation of

CORRECTION

AN ARTICLE by Nelly Lama that appeared on Nov. 26 on this page was erroneously entitled "The Bani Hamida project: making

use of culture." The title of the article should have read as follows:

"Save the Children Federation's urban small scale enterprise

project: making use of culture." The above mentioned projects are two independent and separate projects run by the Save the Children Federation in Amman. The Jordan Times apologises for

Nature The Royal Society for the Conservation of

Nature has issued its second edition of greeting cards.

Prices: post card size half size

150 Fils 100 Fils

The theme of the new collection is the Birds of Jordan on sale at the Royal Society for the Conservation of Nature offices on the 5th Circle Intersection.

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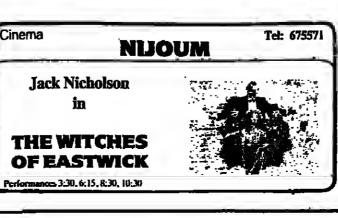
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OPEC clinches deal to cut oil production Jordan import policy

VIENNA, Austria (AP) — OPEC oil ministers gave their formal approval Monday to a new agreement that would cut crude output in an effort to raise

Saudi Arabia's Oil Minister Hisham Nazer came out of a final session of the Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC) and said the deal was completed.

All 13 members of the group signed the accord, which sets a target price of \$18 a barrel.

The production ceiling for the nations was put at 18.5 million barrels a day, down from the current estimated 22.5 million barrels a day. The six-month agreement goes into effect Jan. 1.

OPEC President Rilwanu Lukman said the accord would have a "positive, very positive" effect on the oil market. He predicted prices could reach \$18 a barrel maybe by June."

"It's a hell of a lot of oil to take

out of the market," he said. "It

Analysts have said such an agreement could send crude oil prices climbing by \$1 or \$2 a

not that active. There have been a whole bunch of swings," said Peter Gignoux, manager of the international energy desk at Shearson Lehman Hutton Inc. in

U.S. makes progress in cutting trade deficit

WASHINGTON (R) — The U.S. trade deficit for the third quarter of 1988 shrank to \$28.53 hillion, its smallest level in three years, as exports of American goods surged to a record high, the

September quarter followed a revised deficit of \$30.15 hillion in the second quarter and a first-quarter gap of \$35.18 hillion, the Commerce Department said.

The quarterly report, which presents trade data on a halance of payments basis that excludes military sales and the cost of insurance and shipping, suggests the country is making more progress in cutting its trade deficit.

The department had previously calculated the second-quarter deficit at \$29.94 hillion.

The deficit has been shrinking since reaching a quarterly peak of \$41.19 billion in the last three months of 1987. After adjustment for inflation, the gap has been on a narrowing trend since the third quarter of 1986.

Economists generally give the quarterly report more credence than the government's monthly trade figures which are more widely known, especially in financial markets.

In the third quarter, exports rose \$2.7 billion, or three per cent, to a record \$81.31 billion while imports rose \$1.1 billion, or one per cent, to \$110.84 billion.

The deficit for all of 1987 was a record \$160.28 hillion on a halance of payments basis. In inflation-adjusted terms, it was \$161.21 billion.

In the first nine months of this year, the deficit has been running at an annual rate of \$125.16 billion, or \$125.51 hillion in inflation-adjusted terms.

NICOSIA, Cyprus (AP) — 1ran. Turkey and Pakistan bave

announced a plan to jointly

launch a satellite to boost com-

munications between the three

countries, the official Islamic Re-

public News Agency has re-

should shock the price sharply up very quickly."

Following the news of the OPEC accord, the spot price of North Sea Brent, the most widely traded international crude oil, jumped to \$14.85 a harrel Monday in London, up sharply from its early-morning low of \$13.90 a

"Trading has been dynamic hut

The U.S. trade deficit with Japan rose \$100 million to \$12.0 hillion in the third quarter, with Western Europe it fell \$1.2 hillion to \$2.8 hillion, and with

newly industrialised countries in government said Monday.
The trade shortfall in the July-Asia it rose \$1.6 billion to \$8.0 hillion, the Commerce Depart-The shortfall with Canada fell \$1.1 billion to \$2,2 billion in the third quarter and with Latin

America it fell \$1.2 hillion to \$1.3 billion, it said. Non-agricultural exports in the third quarter rose \$2.0 billion, or three per cent, to a record \$71.9 hillion, with the largest gains in machinery and industrial sup-

> Exports of automotive parts to Canada and civilian aircraft decreased in the third quarter, the department said.

Agricultural exports rose \$0.7 billion, or eight per cent, to \$10.4 billion, the highest level since the second quarter of 1982.

Non-petroleum imports rose \$1.5 hillion, or one per cent, to \$101.0 billion in the third quarter, with the biggest gains coming in cars from countries other than Canada, consumer goods, nonelectrical machinery and industrial supplies.

The average price of imported cars in the third quarter fell 18 per cent from West Germany and one per cent from Japan.

Petroleum imports fell \$0.4 hillion, or four per cent, to \$9.9 hillion in the third quarter because the average price fell to \$14.22 a barrel from \$15.16 in the second quarter.

The volume of petroleum imports rose to 7.5 million harrels a day in the third quarter from 7.4 million in the second.

FJCC chief reviews

AMMAN (J.T.) — The Federation of Jordanian Chambers of Commerce (FJCC) President Mohammad Asfour said Monday that the increase in Jordanian imports is attributed to a growth in demand for basic and capital goods that are needed for investment projects and socio-economic development plans.

The increase in imports of consumer goods came as "an inevitable result of the weak productive hase in the Jordanian economy on one side, and the growth of population and increase in per capita income on the other, Asfour told the Arab regional seminar on the management of imports in Jordan.

He reviewed the comprehensive developments witnessed by the Jordanian economy over the last three decades which were embodied in the success Jordan achieved in the socio-economic fields, Petra reported.

In a paper he presented to the seminar, Asfour explained that Jordan was following a liberal policy vis-a-vis its foreign trade in A dispute between Iran and which the management of im-Iraq over their ceiling had stalled ports depends largely on custom the ministers' talks, which dragfees with some use of quantity control as a tool to control and direct imports in a way that serves economic development in a free Saudi Arabia urged that a minieconomy which encourages primum floor of \$15 a harrel be included in the new agreement. vate enterprise.

Water privatisation looms as gamble for Thatcher

LONDON (AP) - Privatisation, the cornerstone of Prime Minister Thatcher's capitalist revolution, faces one of its biggest gambles yet as the nation's water supply heads for the stock exchange.

Under a previous agreement,

OPEC's output had a ceiling of 15

million barrels a day. Iraq had

refused to join that pact because

it had a smaller quota than its

Gulf war foe, Iran. The two

countries entered a ceasefire in the

OPEC nations were producing

more than the quotas called for in

the old agreement.

Analysts say almost all the

The new agreement hrings Iraq

hack into the quota system. Iraqi

Oil Minister Issam Abdul

Raheem Al Chalabi told repor-

ters, "we are happy to be back.

This has been one of the impor-

of the conference said Saudi Ara-

bia would continue to pump most

of the group's oil, with a quota of

ings at 2.64 million harrels a day, followed hy Vcnezuela at 1.64

Iraq and Iran have equal ceil-

The deal appeared to be set

over the weekend, hut Sunday.

A statement issued at the end

tant gatherings of OPEC."

4.52 million barrels a day.

ged on for two weeks.

eight-year-old war in August.

Oil, gas the telephone services and a host of other industries nationalised by past Labour Party 'ter purity will decline. governments have gone on sale

1979.
Last week, the government announced shares in British Steel at 125 pence (\$2.29) each, making the value of the state-owned steel maker £2.5 billion (\$4.6 billion).

The British Steel sale precedes government efforts to sell off Britain's water and electricity industries beginning late next year. The sale of the English and

Welsh water supply is a bold venture. Coupled with the planned sale of electricity, it shows that the Thatcher government, far from flagging after nearly 10 years in power, is pursuing its free-market doctorines with undiminished zeal.

The privatisation of water and electricity were the highlights of the 1989 legislative programme announced recently. The water will be ready for sale able.

The plan was announced dur-

ing a meeting in Tehran between

within a year, and electricity sometime in 1990. Although electricity is by far the larger undertaking, with expected revenue of £20 hillion (\$36 government.

billion) for the government, it is water that has attracted the most controversy.

government has chosen to sell. and consumer groups worry that prices will rise, and that once

since the Tories came to office in tricity, water is not generally seen as a growth industry. The water authorities are £5.2 billion (\$9.4 hillion) in deht, and the govern-Pic. will be offered to the public ment may have to write off that deht to make the share offer

> ling in many areas and billions are needed for repairs and for bringing water up to the exacting new standards of purity set by the European Community. Privatisations bave raised more

budget surplus. ments the left-leaning Guardian, whether a private sector solution will be able to raise standards, while trying to extract in-

No figure has been set on water privatisation, although analysts expect it to raise £5 hillion to £7 billion (\$9-12.5 hillion) for the

It is the most hasic resource the

subject to the profit motive, wa-It is risky because unlike clec-

more attractive. The Victorian Water and Drainage infrastructure is crumb-

than £20 billion (\$40 billion) for the treasury and enabled it to slash taxes and reach its present

creasing returns for its sbareholders, remains hugely question-

Iran, Turkey and Pakistan to launch satellite

unity on deficit reductions WASHINGTON (R) - Presi- will pick a new Senate majority Asfour said that import procedent-elect Bush, back from a dures, government tenders and thanksgiving holiday at his Maine foreign exchange regulations all seaside retreat, plans early meetform important elements in the ings with congressional leaders as import management system in he rounds out his cabinet and

portant part of this system. He sid that the decision by the monetary authorities to manage float the Jordan dinar's exchange rate was a policy aimed at ration-

Jordan in addition to the indus-

trialisation policy which is based

on import substitution as an im-

ing imports.

The paper reviewed the problems facing the field of imports in Jordan, pointing out that field studies carried out by FJCC on the subject have shown a significant increase in the awareness of the importance of this subject among many Jordanian institutions and companies.

U.S., USSR agree to 2-year grain deal Union and United States con-

Republican leadership.

The pact, which came into Foreign Ministry spokesman Gennady Gerasimov told a news force Oct. 1, was effectively a conference the Soviet Union continuation of a five-year agree-

MOSCOW (R) — The Soviet million tonnes of grain and soya I Inion and I Inited States conbeans from the United States under the pact which would run annual purchase of nine million until Dec. 31, 1990.

seeks help on how to reduce a

Bush, whose presidency begins

Jan. 20, met Monday with Senate

Republican leader Robert Dole

of Kansas, whom he beat out for

the Republican presidential

Amid growing concern about

the huge federal budget deficit

that is upsetting markets and

helping drive down the dollar,

Bush will meet Tuesday over

breakfast with the entire Senate

Democrats, who control both

the House and Senate, Tuesday

huge budget deficit.

nomination.

which expired in September. "The agreement provides for tonnes of grain and soya beans and provides when necessary to buy additional amounts," Gerasi-

Bush seeks congressional

leader to replace Robert Byrd of

West Virginia, who is stepping

Bush has already met House

Speaker Jim Wright and is ex-

pected to hold a similar early

meeting with the winner of the

Senate majority leadership con-

Sunday, the three contenders

Senators Bennett Johnston of

Louisiana, Daniel Inouye of

Hawaii and George Mitchell of

Maine - each said they were

All three said on U.S. televi-

sion that it was up to Bush to

make the first move but sug-

gested the president-elect might

have to renounce his campaign

awaiting action by Bush on a

deficit-reduction plan

pledge of no tax rises.

down as leader.

mov said. He said the two sides also

longation of the deal beyond its expiry date.

and what I think is the wisest

practice, President-elect Bush

should come forward with his

plan and when he does we will

meet him halfway and work with

He added that "everything has

to be discussed but there aren't

going to be any changes in social

Inouve said all congressional

members have "made a solemn

promise to the people of the

United States that this (social

Bennett said "the chickens

were coming home to roost" for

Bush's campaign claim that he

could lower the deficit without

raising taxes by promoting higher

rates of economic growth.

security) will be sacrosanct."

him." Mitchell said.

security.

As part of the protocol, the Soviet Union had already bought 5.5 million tonnes of maize and more than one million tonnes of soya beans for delivery in the 1988/9 agricultural year.

would huy at least an annual nine ment between the two sides agreed to hold talks on the pro-

Israeli 'socialism' comes under pressure

TEL AVIV (AP) — The nearcollapse of Israel's largest industrial conglomerate, owned by the Histadrut labour federation, has forced a rethinking of the socialism on which the Zionist state claims its economy was built. Koor Industries, with annual

cluded a new grain pact Monday

after eight months of difficult

sales of more than \$2 billion, controls 150 firms and employs 27,000 people making products ranging from high-technology electronics to tyres, fruit juice and refrigerators. Koor Industries, with annual

sales of more than \$2 hillion, controls 150 firms and employs

27,000 people making products ranging from high-technology electronics to tyres, fruit junce and refrigerators.

Koor lost \$250 million last year. In October, it defaulted on a \$20 million loan from New York Bankers Trust Company. and the bank demanded its liquidation.

Konr is trying to stave off bankruptcy with a government hailout and a court-backed reorganisation plan.

But Konr's problems are symptomatic of the growing financial ills that have afflicted Israel's

Japanese investment in the king-

dom, especially since Tokyo re-

mains its top supplier of goods.

Jerusalem Post. Even the kibbutzim, the com-

mnual farms that were the hackbone of Israel's ideal of sharing work and profits, are in serious financial trouble. The Kihhutz Industrics Association announced last week that its members were struggling to pay off \$4 hillion in deht.

The economic problems have prompted increasing calls for a

more capitalistic, free enterprise "The economy has suffo-

Industry Ministry officials gave

the Japanese businessmen a list of

investment projects. But the

Japanese said several problems

Monday Nov. 28, 1988

Central Bank official rates

double taxation and difficulties in Middle East.

463.0

Israel's tradition of "work as a source of employment rather

than a source of profits' failed. Wertheimer wrote. Even Shimon Peres, leader of the Labour Party, which controls the Histadrut and founded the "socialised" economy, says he

favours selling off some stateowned companies. The Histadrut and state-owned companies account for up to 40 per cent of Israel's \$35 hillion

cated," Stef Wertheimer, a weal- gross domestic product, econothy husinessman, wrote in the mic analysts say.

The talks were organised by

380.3 237.5 76.8 36.1 128.0

362.2 238.7 77.2 36.3 128.6

the Council of Saudi Chambers of

Commerce and Industry and the

Japanese yen (for t00) Dutch guilder Swedish crown

ttalian lira (for 100) Belgian franc (for 10)

Saudis want more Japanese investments getting visas for workers on joint RIYADH (R) — Saudi Arabian have criticised the slow pace of Japan were worth \$7.4 hillion.

and Japanese husinessmen agreed at a meeting Sunday to set up two committees to handle problems over trade and joint

Saudi officials and husinessmen

BUCHAREST (R) — Romanian

destroy thousands of villages and

resettle inhabitants in new towns,

saying some villages had already

day Communist Party Central

Committee meeting, Ceausescu

also ruled out the possibility of

economic decentralisation or

Ceausescu, who has ignored

the trend toward reform in the

Soviet Union and has kept a tight

grip on power since he tonk office

in 1965, said he hoped to create

about 550 new towns to replace

"Actually, a considerable num-

ber of them (villages) can already

be rated as genuine agro-indust-rial towns," he said, according to

the state news agency Agerpres.

ject has come under rising inter-

national criticism, particularly from its Warsaw Pact ally and

neighbour Hungary, which be-

lieves it is aimed at eradicating

the culture, of the Hungarian

He said there was broad agree-

ment in Romania on his plan to

Ceausescu's agricultural pro-

Speaking at the start of a three-

been transformed.

political pluralism.

the villages.

Japanese exports to Saudi Arabia were worth \$3.3 hillion last year, while Saudi exports to Ceausescu rejects reform

"I am very pleased to note that President Nicolae Ceausescu this problem is well understood in Monday reaffirmed his plan to this country hy all working peo-

ple, without any distinction what soever," he said. Agerpres said Ceausescu's Communist Party audience had greeted his remarks with cheers and ovations.

The party leader said the plan was intended to hring rural life into harmony with urban areas and "create conditions likely to provide inhabitants with everything they need for a decent, civilised life." Ceausescu also rejected the

view of communist reformers elsewhere in Eastern Europe that, in the interests of efficient management, the party should withdraw from direct responsibility for many economic and social matters.

"The thesis according to which" the party must not be directly responsible for the implementation of economic and social plans and programmes, hut has to let the economic and social sectors solve questions as they think fit, is in our opinion entirely wrong and harmful," Ceausescu said.

"The party cannot give up its, role as the leading political force in socialist construction.

LONDON EXCHANGE RATES

must first be resolved, including Japan Conperation Centre for the

AMMAN EXCHANGE RATES

Sell

465.0

LONDON (R) — Following arc the buying and selling rates for leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at midday on the London foreign exchange and hullion markets Monday.

One Sterling One U.S. dollar U.S. dollar 1.1915/25 Canadian dollar 1.7325/35 **Deutschemarks** 1.9538/48 Dutch guilders 1.4505/12 Swiss francs 36.30/33 Belgian francs 5.9225/75 French francs 1286/1287 Italian lire Japanese yen 122.15/25 6.0400/50 Swedish crowns 6.5010/60 Norwegian crowns Danish crowns One ounce of gold 423.00/423.50 U.S. dollars

WORLD STOCK MARKETS

SYDNEY -- Australian stocks were sold across the board

following glonmy news about interest rates overseas. At the close

of flour trading the All Ordinaries Index had failen 26.5 to

TOKYO - Share prices closed sharply lower because of worries

about direction of oil prices and interest rates, and due to technical reasons. The Nikkei fell 380.27 to 28,983.32.

HONG KONG - A lack of buying interest exacerbated the effect

of light follow-through selling from Friday and pushed the market

steadily lower. The Hang Seng Index shed 31 points to 2,625.08.

SINGAPORE — Trading volume dropped to near the year's low as operators stayed on the sidelines due to uncertainty about foreign markets. The Straits Times Industrial Index fell 8.77 to 1,002.55.

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The agency said the satellite would be launched under the auspices of the Economic Cooperation Organisation (ECO) formed by the three countries in 1964 to coordinate joint econo-The satellite would be called

Ecosat, it said.

A Jordanian shipping company at Aqaba requires an executive secretary for full time job. Applicants should have very good command of English, Arabic and advanced knowledge in secretarial works.

EXECUTIVE

SECRETARY

Please contact tel. no. 673560 for appointment.

experience.

were revived at Iran's request. The agency said ECO also is Iranian Foreign Minister Ali studying expansion and improve-Akbar Velayati, members of the ment of roads, railroads and ports ECO secretariat in Tehran and in the three countries. the ambassadors of Pakistan and Turkey. The organisation's activities

were suspended following the ing \$300 million, it said. 1979 Iranian revolution, but later

It also is examining plans for a joint shipping line and a joint bank with start-up capital totall-

The foreign ministers of Iran, Turkey and Pakistan are expected to meet in Tehran early in the Iranian new year, which starts March 21, the agency reported. transform the villages.

World milk output expected to rise

countries

minority in Romania.

WASHINGTON (AP) — Global milk production is expected to increase further in 1989, the U.S. Agriculture Department said.

Milk output rose slightly this year to an estimated 428.2 million tonnes and could increase to 431.7 million tonnes in 1989, according to a report by the 107.8 million tonnes this year department's Foreign Agricultural Service. The production estimates were

based on forecasts for 38 selected

Production in the 12-nation European Community was fore-cast next year at 107 million tonnes, down fractionally from

Milk output in the Soviet Un-ion was indicated at 107.3 million tonnes, up from 105.5 million in

The U.S. output was forecast at 65.3 million tonnes, down slightly from 65.5 million tonnes indicated for this year.

DELUXE FLAT FOR RENT IN ABDOUN

A spacious 300M2 first floor flat of a villa, in a quiet residential area with its own private entrance, and comprising a very large reception, dining area, family room, three bedrooms, three bathrooms, maids quarter, modern kitchen with breakfast area, all with top finishes and central heating, partial air conditioning and independnt services.

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BOMBAY — Share prices closed mixed in a subdued market. Brokers said higher contango (carry-forward) charges and heavy daily margins on both sales and purchases dampened sentiment. Tata Steel gained 3.75 rupees to 1.063.75. FRANKFURT — Fears that higher oil prices would boost inflation and prompt a U.S. interest rate rise pushed shares lower

in thin trading. The Dax Index fell 16.28 to 1,259.13. ZURICH - Shares closed easier across the board in low turnover on expectations that U.S. interest rates would rise. The Swiss

Index fell seven to 912.9.

PARIS - Prices ended down but off their lows of the session on some late bargain-hunting.

LONDON - Prices were steady around the 1,780 support point on the FTSE 100 share index in late trading, mirroring Wall Street's muted response to news that a clutch of U.S. banks raised their prime rates. By 1630 GMT the index was down 13.1 at 1.781.6.

NEW YORK - Stocks turned lower following the prime rate increase but reaction was mild because the rise had been predicted. The Dow was down five at 2,070.

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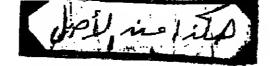
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REQUIRED





King receives Platini

HIS MAJESTY King Hussein Monday received renowned French football player Michael Platini. Platini (second from left), head of the Platini Foundation, was given a \$10,000 cheque by His Majesty in support of the foundation's work in its fight against drugs. Having quit playing football 17 months ago, Platini is now in charge of the French national football team. He will be taking

part in a game between two teams made up of and sports enthusiasts.

players from Al Faisaly and Difatein against a team made up of Al Hussein and Ramtha team players Tuesday. Platini held a press conference Monday night at the Al Hussein Youth City, where he met with local and foreign journalists

Leconte wins Belgian **Indoor Championships**

BRUSSELS (AP) — Henri Leconte of France produced copybook serve-and-volley tennis Sunday and edged Jakob Hlasek of Switzerland 7-6 (7-3), 7-6 (8-6), 6-4 to win the \$490,000 Belgian Indoor Championships.

Leconte never lost bis serve in play and got the edge when Hlasek's nerves proved more brittle in the two tiebreakers.

Building on that momentum. Leconte succeeded the only service break in the penultimate game of the match to earn \$74,500 and his second Grand

Prix victory this year. "It is a great satisfaction to win against the eighth player in the world," said Leconte, the 13thranked player in the world. 'Here I played some of my best

Hlasek, who also played near a sparkling display of his all-court error-free tennis in the final, just failed to win his third consecutive Grand Prix event and saw his 14-game winning streak snapped by Leconte's superlative play.

"I played my best tennis of the week, and still I lost," Hlasek On the fast supreme court sur-

face, the match often had a touch of Wimbledon about it, with both players dominating their serves and thrilling the 4,000-strong crowds with crisp volleys, subtle lobs and booming passing shots and service returns

Leconte, who has sometimes crumbled under pressure, never game Hlasek a chance in the tiebreakers and whipped three passing shots passed the luckless Swiss to get the vital breakthrough in the last set.

"I don't understand how I lost," said Hlasek, who made \$37,250.

Leconte came to Brussels with little hope of winning after hurting a shoulder muscle in the Johannesburg Grand Prix last week. But the shoulder kept up and his confidence grew in each match, he said.

Both players now go to New York for the year-ending Masters Tournament. Hlasek, who had won the Lon-

don and Johannesburg Grand Prix Tournament before coming here, just failed to become the



SPORTS IN BRIEF

CALIFORNIA (AP) - Chris Evert beat Martina Navratilova

7-6, 7-5 Sunday night on a slow surface in the forum as part of the Exhibition Michelin Challenge Series. Evert still trails in this

BERLIN (AP) - Eric Flaim of the United States were

5,000-metre World Cup speedskating race in East Berlin Sunday

preventing a sweep by East German skaters. Flaim took the event

in seven minutes, 12.19 seconds, edging Michael Spielmann of

East Germany who finished second in 7:12,29. Thomas Constals-

son of Sweden was a distant third in 7:15,17. Olympic champion

Uwe-Jens Mey of East Germany scored a double victory, winning

the 500 and 1,000-metre events. Mey, who also won a 500 rank

Saturday, clocked 38.10 seconds in the shorter distance in a

1:18.39 in the 1.000. East German racers dominated the water? events, sweeping both 1,000 and 3,000-metre events.

E. Germans dominate speedskating

first player since Boris Becker in overall.

1986 to win three events in a row. Both players relied on their serve-and-volley game on the fast: surface to keep pace with each other, but the tiebreakers made

the difference. Hlasek almost had enough with his serve alone. He had three aces

long-standing series, 43-38.

Evert beats Navratilova

Leconte saved one set point in the 11th game before forcing the tiebreaker. Hlasek then served his first double fault and never recovered, losing the tiebreaker

The second set provided very in the opening game and 15 much the same scenario.

Baptism may change Tyson's life

CLEVELAND (R) -Heavyweight champion Mike Tyson, buffeted recently by personal problems, was baptised Sunday and said later he felt religion would change his life.

re

ents

RATE

RATES

Tyson said be felt "born again," after the three-bour ceremony attended by promoter Don King and the Reverend Jesse Jackson, a former Democratic presidential candidate.

Tyson wore a long, white sheet-like robe and matching cap throughout the ceremony which was performed by the Reverend

Henry Payden, with assistance

While King stood only a few feet away from the large tub-like font, Jackson placed his hand on Tyson's shoulder and prayed with Payden who was standing in the large tub with Tyson, Payden bent the champion backward, quickly submerging him in the

Tyson, who was broadly smiling after the service, is in the process of a divorce from his actress wife, Robin Givens. The champion is also embroiled in a

bitter dispute with his manager, Bill Cayton, over Tyson's insistence that King promote his fights. Tyson said last month he would buy a home near Cleveland, King's hometown. King owns a 187-acre estate about 72

kilometres from Cleveland, More than 100 people mobbed Tyson when he tried to avoid reporters and quickly leave after the service.

King said after the service "it is just magnificent that be (Tyson) has found Jesus, has been baptised and reborn again. It is a wonderful feeling and I am so

Napoli, scoring at will? ROME (AP) - With nine goals Juventus, kept Napoli two points tracted a case of hepatitis and will behind front-runner Interna-

in its last two games, Napoli's world class attack seems almost to be able to score at will. Brazilian striker Careca, Ita-

lian forward Andrea Carnevale and Argentine wizard Diego Armando Maradona compose the league's most dynamic and productive offence.

The terrific trio showed its prowess Sunday in a 4-1 victory at home against Milan. Maradona tallied at 43 minutes, and Careca, who last week scored three goals at Turin against Juventus, added a pair to put the match out of reach.

The victory, following a 5-3 triumpb a week earlier over zionale of Milan in the First Division standings.

Inter, with 13 points, beat Cese-na at home 1-0. Midfielder Gianfranco Matteoli's goal scored after only 10 seconds equaled a 45-year-old league mark for the fastest goal on record. Nicknamed Ma-Ca-Ca, for

Maradona, Careca, and Carnevale, Napoli's dangerous trident was forged not out of design but of necessity. Napoli coach Otta-vio Bianchi, a shrewd and cautious tactician, bad been reluctant to field a lineup with three attackers. Carnevale, who is the start-ing forward on Italy's Olympic team, began the season on the

But key midfielder Giovanni Romano, who also plays on the Olympic team, suffered a leg injury which will sideline bim for the season. Brazilian halfback Alemao, wbom Napoli acquired over the summer from Spain's Atletico Madrid specifically to add weight to its midfield, con-

PHILADELPHIA (AP) — Kareem Abdul Jabbar bas pre-

pared mentally for retirement for

three years so it doesn't surprise him that the Los Angeles Lakers

are getting ready for his depar-

ture by not banding bim the

hopes that "consistent" will be

the word used to describe his career in the National Basketball

Abdul Jabbar, 41, entered the

season with 533 more appear-

ances than any other active play-

er, a feat he doesn't think any

looking back," he said. "My

greatest accomplishment was

playing as well as I bave for as

Even to me that's staggering

player will match soon.

basketball as mucb.

Association.

Abdul Jabbar phasing

The 2.18-metre centre said he Jabbar will see Julius Erving, who

out of basketball

be out for at least four months. Having no other choice, Bian-

chi had to put his money on the trifecta of Ma-Ca-Ca. His three horses have come in. Careca and Carnevale are first and second in league scoring with seven and six goals respectively.

Maradona continues to amaze. His opening goal Sunday — a looping pass from Massimo Crippa taken just over midfield, a false control, and a violent beader over the outstretched arms of leaping Milan goalie Giovanni Galli from 20 metres out - was the latest in a series of "numbers" which only Maradona can per-

One of the reasons for the success of Napoli's offensive trident is the team's impregnable midfield, Massimo Crippa, Fernando Denapoli and Luca Fusi are three tough, physical players who pounce on most loose balls at midfield, breaking up most Rival offensive actions before

The New York native said be

would miss his NBA friends when

he retires, but quickly noted that

be would not miss the travel.

Still, the two decades of play

At a farewell ceremony Mon-

day night in Philadelphia, Abdul

retired from the Sixers two years

ago afte a similar farewell tour. Abdul Jabbar admits the

farewell tour has been "taxing"

but adds, "It's not unreasonably difficult."

After he retires, Abdul Jabbar

will do some acting, but plans to

concentrate on production work.

He said be will spend some time

away from basketball and bas no

for a couple of lifetimes," be said.

"I've had enough competition

intention of coaching.

'went by in a flash."

Steffi Graf voted Germany's top athlete

BADEN-BADEN (AP) - Swimmer Micbael Gross and tennis ace Steffi Graf have been voted West Germany's top athletes of 1988 in a poll of sports writers published Sunday. Gross, who won the 200-metre butterfly gold medal at the Seoul Olympics, took the male athlete's title for the fourth time. Graf, winner of the Grand Slam and an Olympic gold medal, swept the honour or the female category for the third year in a row.

Turks celebrate UEFA ruling

ISTANBUL (AP) - Turks Sunday bailed a decision in the appeals panel of European soccer's governing body that Cassaray of Turkey will not have to replay its second-leg champare. cup match with Xamax Neuchatel of Switzerland. The runch Sunday by the five-member panel means Galatasaray advances:.. the quarterfinals with a aggregate score of 5-3. But the panel of French, West German, Scottisb, Maltese and Romanian members said the Turkish team must play its next two European cup games at a stadium at least 300 kilometres from Istanbul.

Austrians dominate women's skiing

AUSTRIA (AP) - The first weekend of World Cup Skiing showed nothing has changed on the men's side, but there may be a shift of the power on the women's. The men's power struggle picked up where it left off last season as Pirmin Zurbriggen of Switzerland and Alberto Tomba of Italy started their personal duel. Zurbriggen, the defending overall World Cup champion, won the men's super-giant season-opener Sunday. However, Tomba's fourth place pleased him and showed that the Italian was ready to challenge in more than slaloms and giant slaloms. The women's division found the usually dominant Swiss bard to find in the top 15. Just two made it while a horde of Austrians - seven in all — were there. At the top of the beap was a Frenchwoman, Carole Merle. She took Saturday's women's super-g from a starting position of 25.

GOREN BRIDGE

BY CHARLES GOREN AND OMAR SHARIF

DUPLICATE DRIVES ONE CRAZY

Both vulnerable. South deals. NORTH

3 AQ98742 WEST EAST ♥ Q 10 7 5 2 # 1096532

P 258 Pass Opening lead: King of 4
At rubber bridge, when you are in slam territory your main concern is to find the safest contract. At dupilcale, you often choose the highest-scoring slam. That can lead to

interesting play,

Any ruhber bridge player worth
his salt would settle in six diamonds, a contract that would not tax anybody's playing skill too greatly. Indeed, you are on a spade finesse for an overtrick. When this hand was

THE BETTER HALF.

played in a pair tournament, however, many chose the higher-scoting six-spade contract. Not too many

had the skill to bring It home,

unfortunately.

After West's normal lead of the king of clubs, your first concern should be to get rid of dummy's club loser. So win the ace of clubs, cash the king of hearts and come to hand with the ace of trumps. Take a club discard on the ace of hearts.

If trumps are 3-2, you can draw another high trump and start running the diamonds. But what if

trumps are 4-17
You can give yourself an extra chance by now leading the jack of trumps from hand! If a defender wins, you are in control. Capture any ren amonds. But what if a defender has four trumps and refuses to win the

Now you will need a slice of luck—you have to find the defender with four spades holding three diamonds as well. Ruff your losing club, come to hand with the king of nonds and cash the king of spades. Now start to run diamonds, and hope that you can discard both losing hearts before the defender

By Harris

HARRIS

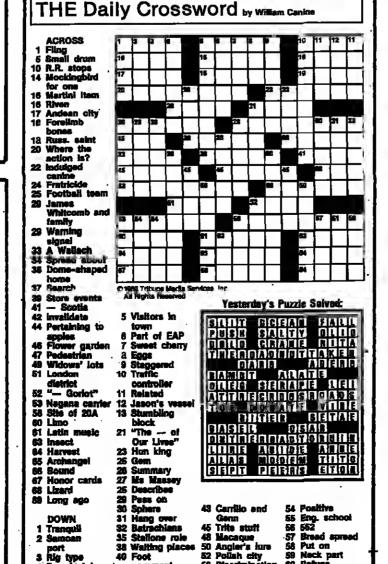
NHL STANDINGS NEW YORK (R) — National Hockey League Standings aft-

games played on Sunday.

Wales Conference Patrick Division L 'T PTS GF GA

New York Rangers Pittsburgh Penguins Washington Capitals New Jersey Devils Pbiladelphia Flyers New York Islanders	12 12 11 8 9	10 10 10 11 15	3 0 2 4 1 2	27 24 24 20 19 16	94 105 84 74 92 68	81 101 83 87 98 88
· : · Ad	lams Di	vision				
Montreal Canadiens Boston Bruins Buffalo Sabres Quebec Nordiques Hartford Whalers	13 10 19 8 8	9 8 12 13 12	3 5 2 2 1	29 25 22 18 17	96 81 87 84 71	86 69 100 104 80
Camp	bell Co	onfere	ace			
No	orris Di	vision				
Detroit Red Wings Toronto Maple Leafs St. Louis Blues Chicago Blackhawks Minnesota North Stars	12 11 8 6 5	7 12 9 14 13	4 1 3 4 4	28 23 19 16 14	92 83 66 . 98 68	86 91 76 115 93
Smythe Division						
Calgary Flames Los Angeles Kings Edmonton Oilers Vancouver Canucks Winnipeg Jets	15 15 13 11 9	4 8 7 11 7	3 0 3 4 3	33 30 29 26 21	97 123 99 88 79	56 96 85 78 76

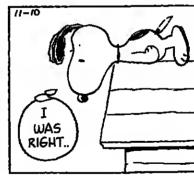
HOROSCOPE NOT RECEIVED



Peanuts

long as I bave.'



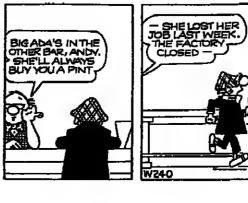




Mutt'n' Jeff



Andy Capp







KETS

YOLID **VREEV**

TARYEW

Unscramble these four Jumbles,

one letter to each square, to form

NARXLY

Jumbles: RAPID HAREM KINGLY TYCOON

"Hairy peas, green cheese and petrified bologna for lunch.

Cleaned the fridge today, huh?"

JUMBLE THAT SCRAMBLED WORD GAME
by Henri Arnold and Bob Lee

WHEN A WOMAN

FISHES FOR A

HUSBAND SHE

SHOULD KNOW THIS.

Now arrange the circled letters to

by the above cartoon.

Answer "They're complaining that the lamb is-tough"—"LET'S NOT TALK "CHOP"

Soviet party leaders debate reforms ahead of parliament

MOSCOW (R) — The Soviet Communist Party leadership, facing a major challenge to its authority from restive republics, met Monday to discuss constitutional changes before they are debated by the country's parliament.

The official news agency TASS said the plenary meeting of the party Central Committee was being addressed by Kremlin leader Mikhail Gorbachev, who has urged support for the proposed constitutional amendments at Tuesday's session of the Supreme Soviet, the federal parliament.

The meeting was closed but foreign analysts said Gorbachev would he seeking a firm endorsement of the reforms, a major plank of his "perestroika" programme, from the party's policymaking body.

The plans have met a barrage of criticism from some of the Soviet Union's 15 constituent republics who argue that they encroach on their rights to selfdetermination.

The proposals are virtually certain to be approved by the parliament — which will be replaced under the reforms hy a more powerful, streamlined body but not without an uncharacteristically lively dehate, the analysts

Estonia, which has been at the forefront of a drive for greater economic and political autonomy among the Sovie Baltic republics,

MANILA (Agencies) — Troops

and police remained on alert

Monday against large public gatherings after officials blocked

convoys carrying thousands of

civilians into Manila to distribute

Colonel Manuel Oxales, depu-

ty chief of the National Capital

Region Defence Command, said

leaders of Saturday's convoy

planned to duplicate the 1986

"people power" uprising that toppled President Ferdinand

Oxales said the leader of the

convoy, Jose Ocampo, was car-

rying a document offering re-

wards of up to four million pesos

(\$200,000) for the capture of

senior military officers who re-

"The situation now is normal,"

Oxales said. "But the military is

on alert to prevent any further

tion of anonymity, said convoy

Officials, speaking on condi-

aders carried leaflets announc-

ing a military overthrow of Presi-

fused to join the "uprising."

leaflets cailing for a coup.

has rejected the proposals outright. Its parliament also voted to assume the right to veto central legislation.

Parliamentary sessions in the neighbouring republics of Latvia and Lithuania stopped short of such defiance of Moscow but also called for changes in the prop-

Similar demands came from the Georgian parliament in Soviet Transcaucasia, a region already racked by ethnic strife, in what some analysts see as the most serious challenge to the unity of the Soviet Union since World War II.

Gorhachev, in a speech to republican presidents shown on television Sunday, accused the Estonian leadership of making theoretical and political errors and rejected the republic's blueprint for broad autonomy as "erroneous and invalid."

"There is only one aim, comrsdes, we are one family, we have a common home and we have accomplished much thanks to a concerted effort," he declared.

Pointing an accusing finger at Estonian President Arnold Ruutel, he said the republic's

Philippine forces stay on alert

dent Corazon Aquino's govero-

ment. But they said there was no

evidence that any soldiers joined

preparing subversion charges

against Ocampo. Oxales said a

document seized from Ocampo

promised four million pesos

(\$200,000) for the capture of

military chief of staff General

Renató de Villa if he refused to

Lesser rewards were promised

for the capture of other generals

Military reports said the incident began about 5 p.m. (0900

GMT) Saturday when about 400

people aboard several vehicles

began distributing the leaflets in

Cavite province southeast of

Later Saturday, troops blocked more than 30 vehicles carrying

hundreds of civilians in several

parts of Greater Manila. Most of

those detained were released

and colonels, Oxales said.

Oxales said the military was

the move,

ioin the protest.

autonomy plans could lead.

was not clear to what extent the

revised version met the demands

Ethnic unrest

persistent unrest in the Trans-

caucasian republics of Azerbaijan

and Armenia, at loggerheads for

the past nine months over the

disputed Azerbaijani territory of

He accused "nationalist ex-

tremists" in the two republics of

attempting to exploit the proces-

ses of democratisation and open-

ness under way in the country for

Azerbaijan that the coming par-

liamentary session would hand

over Nagorno-Karabakh to

Armenia were the apparent cause

of a fresh wave of inter-ethnic

city of Kirovahad and Nakhiche-

van region last Tuesday to pre-

vent attacks on Armenians hy

crowds of angry Azerbaijanis. At

least 10 people, three of them

soldiers, were killed in the en-

Aquino told reporters Monday

Authorities have foiled a half

that she did not consider the

dozen coup attempts against

Aquino, who came to power after

a civilian-military uprising in

February 1986 that toppled

Newsweek interview

no longer endangered by the Communist insurgency or right-

Aquino said her government is

"We have weakened the com-

that came about because of the

incident a coup attempt.

Troops were called in to the

Rumours spreading through

Gorbachev also referred to the

of the republics.

Nagorno-Karahakh.

"political speculation."

violence in the republic.

suing clashes.

ported Sunday.

(1986) ceasefire.

not her biggest problem.

plained to the people where their bad, where the worst violence occurred, said Monday the city But he also said the central was calm, although troops were leadership had taken into account still keeping a tight grip on the many objections to the propsituation. A city Communist Party offiosals, which had subsequently undergone a thorough revision. It

cial, Chingiz Sadykhov, said soldiers were guarding all entry points to the Armenian quarter: there have been no Armenian casualties, because we are not letting Azeris into their part of the city," he said.

Curfews are in force in several parts of Azerbaijan including the capital, Baku, where hundreds of thousands of people have taken part in anti-Armenian demotistrations over the past nine days.

ASALA issues threat

The Armenian Secret Army for the Liheraion of Armenia (ASA-LA) said Monday that it will avenge what it said were hrutalities against Armenians by Azer-

"The Armenian Secret Army assures to the Armenian people and the interoational public opinion that our organisation will take revenge for the blood of innocent and defenceless Armenian citizens who in the last one week were victims of Azeri chauvinist circlers," a man claiming to speak on behalf of the guerrilla group said in a telephoned statement to an international news agency in



Corazon Aquino

wing coups and can now focus on economic development, Newsthe opportunity to hear what govweek International magazine reernment had to offer. In the past they were only subjected to the Interviewed last week on the propaganda of the communists in 1,000th day of her presidency, Aquino said the insurgency was the mountains.

She also told Newsweek that after her government survived the attempted coup in August munist insurgents considerably 1987, "it was very clear to me that with the capture of their top it would be very difficult for the rightist elements to stage another leaders. It is only now that we are powerful attempt. finally able to see the benefits

"In the next 1,000 days I will be concentrating of ecotionic de The ceasefire gave the rebels velopment.

Pakistani People's Party (PPP) leader Benazir Bhutto holds talks with Mohajir National Movement leader Altaf Hussein in Karachi. It is expected that an alliance with the Mohajirs will enable Bhutto to come up with a majority in parliament

Zia successor to be chosen Dec. 12; Punjab battle still open

ISLAMABAD (R) - A new Pakistani president will be elected Dec. 12 to succeed military ruler Mohammad Zia Ul Haq who died in a plane crash last August, the government election commission announced

Chief Election Commissioner S.A. Nusrat told a news conference nominations would be received Dec. 6, four days after a new prime minister is to take

Senate (Upper House) Chairman Ghulam Ishaq Khan be-came acting president when Zia died Aug. 17 in a crash officials say was probably caused by

The new president, with vast constitutional powers, will be elected for a four-year term by members of parliament and the four provincial assemblies.

Zia, who seized power in a 1977 coup, was declared president after a 1984 refermedum. In general elections Nov. 16 Benazir Bhutto's Pakistan People's Party (PPP) won 45 per cent of the Muslim seats in the

BANGKOK (Agencies) — The

Thai government set up a 500

million haht (\$20 million) disaster

fund Monday as officials said

more than 900 people may have

south of the country in the last

Prime Minister Chatichai

Choonhavan told reporters 429

bodies had been recovered. A

spokesman for the relief coordi-

south said about 500 people were

Reporters who flew over the

stricken area said people were

still pulling bodies out of the piles

of logs, dehris and sticky mud

still missing.

National Asaembly (lower house) compared to 27 per cent for the Islamic Democratic Alliance (IDA).

Ishaq Khan is due to name a prime minister Thursday, with Birutto the main contender.

Bhutto, seeking to become the Muslim World's first woman prime minister, said last week her PPP would not press for a "party candidate" for president when Ishaq Khan steps down.

Political analysts have speculated she could support Ishaq Khan for reelection to reassure the armed forces, who overthrew her father Zulfikar Ali Bhutto in the 1977 coup.

The Pakistani constitution empowers the president to name a prime minister, dissolve the National Assembly and appoint chiefs of the armed

Ishaq Khan has not indicated publicly who he will choose as prime minister. But almost all political analysts and western diplomats say it seems certain

Thammarat, the worst-affected

antiounced his ministry would try

to halt the disappearance of the

country's forests by granting no

covers only about 12 per cent of

appear unless the government

stops both illegal loggers and the

Many southern areas were still

under water, with families

cutting in concessions already

Environmentalists say forest

more logging concessions.

nating centre in Hat Yai in the Thailand and that this will dis-

Agriculture Minister Sanan

the mudslides,

Kachoroprasart, reacting to that 640,000 hectares of farmland

charges that unrestrained logging were inundated, more than

900 feared dead in Thailand

to be Bhutto. The battle for control of the Punjab provincial government, however, is still open. The IDA heat the PPP into second place in Punjab in provincial elections Nov. 19 but fell short of a majority.

Puniab contains 55 per cent of Pakistan's 104 million people and the post of chief minister, to be chosen by the elected provincial deputies this Friday, is very powerful.

The current chief minister, appointed by Zia, is Nawaz Sharif, the IDA's most prominent figure. Both sides have been seeking to woo the independents who hold the balance of power in the Punjab assembly.

The PPP is putting up one of its strongest candidates, Farooq Leghari, party Secret-ary-General Tikka Khan announced Monday. Leghari was production

minister in Zulfikar Ali Bhutto's last federal cabinet and PPP secretary general in 1981-

brought by ferry and helicopter.

aster fund after hearing reports

age was estimated at three billion

"We need aio from foreign

countries," Chatichai said after

the emergency cabinet meeting. The United States and Britain

provided initial assistance Mon-

day with relief checks totalling

The same weather system-that battered southern Thailand

moved through Malaysia a few days earlier, killing 31 people and

100,000 cartie lost and the

baht (\$120 millioti).

\$43,400.

The cabinet approved the dis-

Free legal clothing

NEWARK, New Jersey (AP) -As a public defender. Connie McGhee has provided legal advice for years; now she's started offering clothes as well. A public defender is a lawyer hired by the government to represent alleged criminals who are too poor to hire an attorney. Because her clients are poor, many of them are badly dressed, which defence attorneys have long recognised can influence a judge and jury. McGhee said she's seen defendants reprimanded by judges because of their attire. So McGhee and another public defender, Melody Merola, organised a clothes service in a hall closet.

French prince weds Italian noblewoman

FLORENCE, Italy (AP) — In a private ceremony before 500 invited guests, Prince Charles Louis d'Arenberg of France was married Saturday to Fiammetta Frescohaldi, daughter of Marchese Vittorio Frescohaldi of Itlaly. While a crowd gathered outside in the courtyard, the 31-year-old groom and his 30-year-old hride exchanged vows inside the 15th century church of Santo Spirito. decorated for the occasion with garlands of white carnations and baskets of white roses.

Swiss way to boil an egg

ZURICH (R) — Switzerland is renowned for its top-class chefs and catering schools, but that has not stopped civil servants from offering their countrymen some very hasic cooking tips. "But the eggs in one centimetre of cold water m a saucepan with a tightfitting lid. Bring to the boil, switch off the heat immediately and let the eggs continue to boil for the desired time. Et voila." This lesson in how to boil eggs the government-approved way comes from the Federal Energy Department in Berne. It is part of a new campaign, codenamed "Brayo." urging the Swiss to be sparing with energy in the kitchen and at work. Newspaper and television advertisements suggest energysaving ways of cooking eggs, meat and vegetables and recommend the use of pressure-cookers and micro-wave ovens.

Chinese film wins

RIO DE JANEIRO (AP) — A Chinese film won the "Golden Toucan" award Saturday for best picture, and two Yngoslavian actors and a French director took top prizes at the fifth International Cinema, TV and Video Festival. The film "The Actress and the Spirit" by director Huang Shugin, beat out festival favourites such as "Le Maitre de Musique," hy Belgian director Gerard Corbiau. and the German entry "Die Venusfalle," (The Venus Trap) by director Robert van Ackeren. Fourteen films from 13 countries were in the running for bestpicture award during Rio's nineday event, considered among the world's top film festivals. None of the films had competed before in the festival, hut all have been shown commercially.

that lay two metres deep on a stranded on the roofs of their valley to the west of Nakhorn Si homes and kept alive by supplies their homes. Police, protesters clash in anti-Ershad demonstration

DHAKA, Bangladesh (AP) -Helmeted policemen fired tear gas at bomb-throwing demonstrators outside Dhaka University Monday during a half-day general strike against President Hussain Muhammad Ershad, witnesses

At least five people, including a policeman, were injured by fragments from the small, homemade bombs, police said. Twenty people had been arrested by the time the strike ended at noon, according to the police, who spoke on condition of anonymity. The strike was sponsored by two of Bangladesh's main opposition groups as part of their year-

long effort to force Ershad to

The city of six million people was generally calm except around Dhaka University, where police confronted roving hands of youths who threw stones, bricks and homemade bombs.

Paramilitary troops in trucks patrolled the streets. About 50 protesters hurled

small bombs that generally exploded harmlessly in the street in front of the university's arts huilding, witnesses said.

Police responded by firing at least a dozen tear gas shells to disperse the homb-throwers, according to Mohammad Alam, a photographer for the Bengali-lan-

guage newspaper Ittefaq. opposition divided and
The strike was called by
Jamiaat-E-Islamic, a Muslim funother for the failure

damentalist party, and a seven-party alliance led by Khaleda Zia, head of the Bangladesh Nationalist Party.

The third main opposition group, an eight-party alliance headed by Sheikh Hasina of the Awami League, did not join the strike hut planned to hold rallies across the nation as part of what it called "resistance day against the autocratic regime."

Zia and Hasina put aside their personal differences a year ago to cooperate in an "Ershad-must-go campaign." Their series of oftenviolent strikes failed to hudge the former army general, leaving the opposition divided and fractious. Zia and Hasina blamed each

The Heritage Foundation

Advice abounds for Bush

WASHINGTON (AP) - Presidetat-elect George Bush is getting advice from aides and former presidents and from think tanks and lobbyists its reports that stretch from 50 to 1,000 pages Stuart E. Eizenstat, who was a with covers that range from nononsense navy to peppermint top domestic policy aide to for-

Much of the advice is unsolicited, and much goes unheeded and unread, no matter how flashy the cover or how hard the pitch. "Whether they get a hearing

depends entirely on their political clout," said Stephen Hess, a senior fellow at the Brookings Institution. "If they're read at all, they will be read by pretty lowlevel transition people."

Many of the reports are "done for other reasons than influencing the president-elect, like getting news media publicity." he says. Advising an incoming administration has become a cottage industry, in part due to the success of the conservative Heritage reports were bound in navy blue.

Foundation's 1980 "Mandate for Leadership," which was a blueprint for much of the agenda of President Reagan's first term. The transition is a "seminal period in a presidency," said

mer President Jimmy Carter. "The legislative priorities, the budget you develop, have a great deal to say about the first year and indeed your entire term. People have begun to realise that,"

Here's a sampling of the dozens of books, magazines, pamphlets, reports, letters, panel discussions and briefings;

- The government's General Accounting Office, an investigative arm of Congress, published 26 separate unsolicited reports on issues facing the new administration ranging from defence to banking to transportation, the first time it had done so. The

has published a 953-page "Mandate for Leadership III." that undates its past policy prescriptions. Heritage advised Bush, among other things, to give his Vice-President, Dan Quayle, a key role in dealing with Congress, and give short, businesslike State of the Union speeches. The foundation also supplied the resumes of more than 10,000 conservatives it would like in the new

administration. -The Centre for Strategic and International Studies, a moderate think tank, packaged its 50 pages of advice on the transition process in hright red with a white stripe across the corner. The document has been dubbed "the

Former Presidents Carter and Gerald Ford offered recommendations on ways to reduce the federal deficit by cutting spending and raising taxes on beer, wine, cigarettes and motor fuel.

peppermint papers."

Animal group sets fire to fur store

SANTA ROSA, California (AP) — An animal rights groups has claimed responsibility for a hizze at a fur store that missed valuable pelts but ruined a Santa Claus outfit. No one was injured in the major Thursday fire at Del Conte's furriers. A statement read of the AP by a caller claiming to be part of a group called the Animal Liberation Front (ALF) said the fur industry is "a perverse husiness which needlessly murders millions animals each year to provide humans with deplorable status symbols. The ALF will continue its war against this Nazism until the bloody fur trade is abolished from our society fore-

Montreal prostitute must pay taxes

OTTAWA, Canada (AP) - The tax court of Canada has ruled that a Montreal prostitute must pay tax on income of about \$1 million earned from 1974 to 1981. The court dismissed Erna Dietrich's appeal and said she must pay more than \$70,000 in penalties for not declaring her real income. Dietrich declared income of \$41,000 for the eight-year period. Bnt Revenue Canada found she made \$234,312 in 1980 alone. The Canadian revenue service said her net worth rose from \$11,273 in 1973 to more than \$1 million by 1982. The revenue service said she was convicted six to eight times in the period on prostitution-related charges.

its tentacles to reach every nook and cranny of society. It turned wins are recognised as genuine. For almost 60 years the PRI's Adding to the discontent was

MEXICO CITY (AP) — The Institutional Revolutionary Party (PRI), which has ruled Mexico for almost 60 years, is fighting to retain its grip even as its presidential candidate. Carlos Salinas de Gortari, prepares to be sworn in.

To overcome public discontent, internal party divisions and newly aggressive opposition, Sali-nas will have to strike quickly on both the economic and political fronts after he takes office

Thursday.
"The PRI is in a battle to modernise the country... and itself," said Juan Enriquez, the party's international communications director.

The party has ruled with few challenges since its founding in 1929, interlocked with the government in a system that allowed

Mexico's ruling party grapples with divisions out the vote and channelled favours, including high-level jobs, and in many places suc-

cumbed to corruption. vote, compared with the 70 per cent or more that previous PRI candidates had polled.

It also brought decades of stability and expansion to Mexico. but its power has been shaken by a continuing economic crisis that has cut the average Mexican's earning power by 50 per cent since 1980. Salinas scraped by in the July 6 presidential election with just over 50 per cent of the

Still, the party remains powerful, taking sweeping victories in municipal elections in several provinces since Octoher. Despite nities. including congressional accusations of fraud most of the seats, to the small opposition

pillars — labour, peasants and a catchall of bureaucrats, teachers and others --- have wheeled and

and the rewards of power. "The PRI was a type of cushion between the political power and the citizens," said Raul Trejo, a professor at the National University's social research institute

and a labour specialist. With transition from a largely illiterate rural population to an urban society came a political awakening, a desire for more competitive elections and an end to corruption. In response, PRI governments gave more opportu-

the jolt of an economic crisis brought on by the oil boom and bust. Outgoing President Miguel de la Madrid's six-year term has dealed, sharing leadership, power been a period of austerity for most Mexicans.

On July 6, the PRI was stung with its narrowest federal election

The PRI lost Senate seats, four of the body's 64, for the first time. It had to settle for 260 of the 500 seats in the lower house, the first time it failed to gain a two-thirds majority needed for constitutional reforms.

The opposition -- both the conservatives and the left charged electoral fraud and that Salinas' victory wasn't legitimate.

WORLD NEWS IN BRIEF

Police find 226 kg of heroin in truck

VAN, Turkey (AP) — Narcotics police have discovered 226 kilogrammes of Iranian heroin hidden in a truck that had been driven over a dam to prevent seizure by police, the semi-offical Anatolia news agency said Sunday. The agency said police first stopped the vehicle in eastern Turkey Nov. 13 and discovered 100 kilogrammes of heroin. Before police could complete the search, the driver drove the truck over the Zernek Dam. Anatolia said five Turks have been arrested for alleged drug dealing in connection with the heroin found on the truck. The vehicle was pulled from the water Saturday and the agency said police found 20 kilogrammes of heroin. It said Sunday police found 106 kilogrammes hidden in a special section in the truck. Anatolia said the heroin, which was brought to Turkey from Iran to be shipped to Europe, had a street value of 35 billion turkish liras (\$20 million).

Air disaster remains a mystery

JOHANNESBURG (R) — Exactly a year after South Africa's worst air disaster, in which a Boeing 747 plunged into the Indian Ocean killing 160 people, the world's deepest ocean search for wreckage is finally producing results, Pretoria said Monday. The government said a large piece of the South African airways jet had been seen on the ocean floor near Mauritius where the aircraft went down on a flight from Taipei. Other bits of wreckage had been found, including parts of an engine and pieces of the galley, wings and the cargo compartment floor. But there is to sign of the two flight recorders which could give clues to the disaster.

Britain to buy U.S. tanks

LONDON (AP) — The government plans to re-equip the British army with a new generation of U.S.-built battle tanks, a decision that could destroy the British tank industry, the Daily Telegraph reported Monday. The London daily newspaper, quoting unidentified defence industry sources, said the Abrams M1A1 tank, built in Michigan by General Dynamics, has been chosen over the Challenger Mark II tank, manufactured by Vickers PLC in

northern England. The newspaper said the order for more than £1 hillion (at least \$2 billion) for 500 tanks to replace Britain's ageing home-made Chieftains is expected to be announced Dec. 15 in an attempt to lessen the controversy. On the following day, the House of Commons is scheduled to hreak for the Christmas recess.

Ex-Dominican president convicted

SANTO DOMINGO, Dominican Republic (AP) - Former President Salvador Jorge Blanco and two businessmen were found guilty Sunday of corruption for inflating the price of military supplies sold to the government by \$5 million. It was the first time in Dominican history that a former head of state was convicted on charges of corruption. Judge Juan Maria Severino sentenced the former president and businessmen Leonel Almonte and Juan Tomas Pena Valentin to 20 years in prison and ordered them to pay a fine of \$17.3 million. Defence attorneys said they would appeal the convictions. Six of eight other alleged co-conspirators in the case were found innocent and the other two were to be tried separately on the same charges.

Salvador Dali hospitalised

FIGUERAS, Spain (R) — Spanish surrealist painter Salvador Dali was taken to hospital from his castle home Sunday suffering from influenza, hospital staff said. Dati, 84, had been ill for several days, tehy said, adding that the hospital would issue a bulletin on the painter's health Monday. The hospital director, one of Dali's personal doctors, said Dali might have to stay in hospital for at least a week. Dali fell into a deep mental and physical decline after the death of his wife, Gala, in 1982. Since then, he has lived as recluse in his castle near Figueras, in northern Spain. He was badly hurned in a fire that engulfed his bedroom in 1984. Dali is one of the last surviving members of the generation of surrealist artists who shocked and scandalised the art world in the 1920s and 1930s. Dali is best known for his dream-like paintings that frequently include "Soft Watches" — timepieces that droop over tables and landscapes, representing according to the painter the relativity of